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TWELVE PAGES — TWO RIYALS



IN GENEVA: King Khalid received in Geneva Monday Sheikh Nasser bin Hamad Al Thani, brother of the Ruler of Qatar. Present defense and aviation. The King arrived in time for rest. He was accompanied by Prince Mishaal and Prince Sultan. The monarch was greeted at the airport by a number of princes: Sheikh Ahmed Abdul Jabbar, ambassador at the U.N. office in Geneva and Yahya Farnali, consul of Saudi Arabia.

Part of tract removed

Fighters derail Israeli train

DAMASCUS, Sept. 8 (R) — Palestinian commandos have said here that they derailed an Israeli train Sunday killing and wounding a number of soldiers.

The Palestine news agency Wafa quoted a commando spokesman as saying the commandos removed part of the track on the Haifa-Tel Aviv line near Atil, south of Haifa.

A military train was derailed and several wagons overturned, killing and wounding a number of soldiers and destroying the commando train.

Aden minister in Syria

DAMASCUS, Sept. 8 (AP) — South Yemen's foreign minister met with Syrian officials Monday to discuss the joint demand of hardline Arab states for expulsion of Oman and Somalia from the Arab League, official sources reported.

They said Salem Salah Muhammad would also discuss ways of consolidating the unity of the "Steadfastness and Confrontation Front," which called for the expulsions because the two countries have granted the United States military facilities.

Other members of the front are Libya, Algeria and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

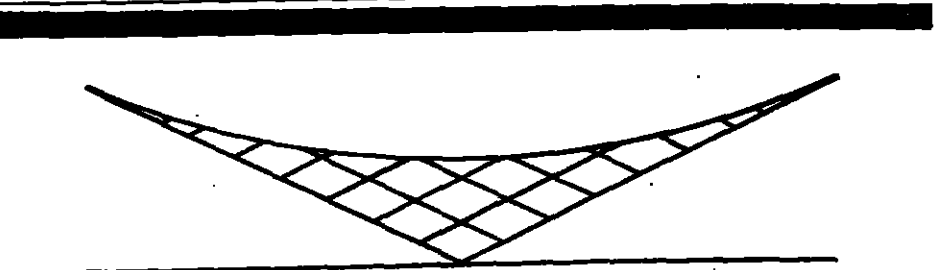
Qatar blacklists Lebanese singer

DOHA, Sept. 8 (R) — Qatar said that popular Lebanese singer Sabah and Egyptian guitarist Omar Khorshid would not be allowed to perform in the Gulf state for dealing with Israel.

Kuwait floats \$56m bond for Brazil

KUWAIT, Sept. 8 (AP) — The Kuwait Trading Contracting and Foreign Investment Company (KTCFIC) is co-managing a \$56 million issue in favor of Empresas Nucleares Brasileiras S.A. of Brazil, a company spokesman announced Monday.

The issue led-managed by Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Matures in 1988 and carries an interest rate of 9.75 per cent per annum. It is guaranteed by the Brazilian government.



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Muhammad Al Faisal interviewed
Islam to help solve economic ills

By Thomas Thomson

JEDDAH, Sept. 8 (R) — Prince Muhammad al-Faisal is spearheading a drive in the Muslim world to create banks which operate under Islamic law. And in just three years, a network of Islamic banks has been established stretching from Pakistan through the Arab countries of the Middle East to Switzerland.

Now, Muslim bankers are queuing up to join the Islamic Banks International Association which is based in Jeddah and obeys the rules of Islam which prohibit the payment of interest on deposits or loans.

Prince Muhammad, the association's president, said in an interview that 15 banks want to join the existing 10 Islamic banks that are changing the face of banking in the Muslim world. Islamic banking is based on the Quranic ban on usury, defined by some Islamic authorities as excessive interest rates and by others as any interest.

Islamic banks, however, can make a profit because religious law condones the ideas of private property and wealth and the use of credit for productive ventures.

Prince Muhammad, son of the late King Faisal, explained that the recent emergence of Islamic banks alongside the established commercial banking systems reflected the desire of Muslims to obey religious law.

"We had been living with a schizophrenic type of arrangement. On the one hand we knew we were doing something wrong in accepting interest and on the other we didn't admit it," he said.

The prince said that as education and consciousness increased people began to demand that something was done about the situation. He added that in researching an advanced banking system that would meet Muslim needs, it had been found that the monetarist outlook in the world economy might be one reason for the cyclical problems of recession and inflation.

"In our research to find the ideal Muslim system, we may also be able to solve the major economic problems of the world," he added. The research, which began 15 years ago, led to the formation in August 1977 of the Islamic Banks International Association, which coordinates Islamic banking worldwide. The founder banks were the Nasser Social Bank of Egypt, Faisal Islamic Bank of the Sudan and Egypt and Dubai Islamic Bank.

Today, they have been joined by three Islamic banks in Pakistan — Kuwait Finance House, Bahrain Islamic Bank, and the Islamic Investment Company registered in Sharjah in the United Arab Emirates and operating from Geneva.

The Jordan Islamic Bank, the Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank and the Islamic International Bank of Cairo are observers. Prince Muhammad said that while the association has applications to establish 15 new Islamic banks in various countries "we have been delaying because we want to feel our way in the market."

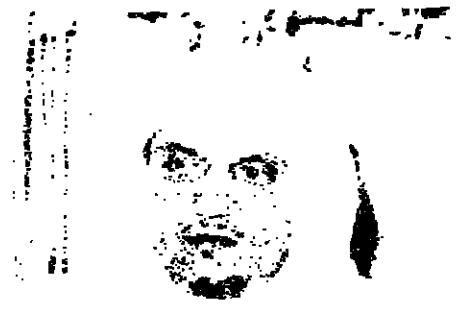
Association officials said the existing members had over one billion dollars in deposits and capital, double the figure of a year ago. The Islamic banks use a wide range of banking techniques, from travelers cheques to foreign exchange and transfer payments.

The difference from ordinary commercial banking is that the business is conducted for fees or a share of the profit rather than interest payments.

Under the system, called Murabaha, a bank depends on the person or company receiving its cash to make a profit. If a loss is incurred, the Islamic bank shares the shortfall. Selecting customers is therefore an important part of the Islamic bank manager's job.

The Geneva-based Islamic Investment Company, for example is active in the commodity markets, buying and selling contracts for everything from gold to farm produce. Only interest-bearing instruments like U.S. Treasury bills and bank deposits cannot be used in managing money.

The Islamic Development Bank set up



Prince Muhammad Al Faisal

under the auspices of the Organization of Islamic Conference, is a major source of funds for development projects with financing being done on the profit-sharing principle.



Hafiz Assad

Popular welcome for Assad
Syria, Libya study merger

TRIPOLI, Sept. 8 (Agencies) — Syrian President Hafez Assad arrived here Monday at the head of a ministerial delegation to discuss the projected merger of Libya and Syria, radio Tripoli reported.

The arrival of Assad was being carried live by Radio Tripoli, which interrupted its normal programs to broadcast the event. The voice of the radio commentator covering the arrival was nearly drowned out by the roar of a crowd gathered since dawn in the streets of the Libyan capital.

Accompanying the president were Premier Abdul-Rauf Kasim, Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam, Deputy Premier for Economic Affairs Abdul Kader Kaddura, Information Minister Ahmad Iskandar Ahmad and Fawaz Ismail and Ismail Kadi, members of the National Progressive Front.

President Assad will discuss various aspects of the plan to merge Syria and Libya in a new Arab state with Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi. Unification of the two nations was proposed by Col. Qaddafi on Sept. 1, the 11th anniversary of the Libyan revolution.

Instead of regular programs, the radio blared national songs interspersed with chants by street crowds who praised Assad, Qaddafi and Arab unity.

"O Jerusalem, the day of our liberation is at hand," a radio announcer shouted. "Our enemy is Israel and the imperialists. We will liberate Jerusalem."

Other slogans included: "Libya and Syria hand in hand call upon all Arab countries to wake up from slumber and join in unity... Libya will be forever the castle of steadfastness against traitors and enemies... Revolutionary Qaddafi is not Libya's alone, but he belongs to the whole Arab world from the (Atlantic) Ocean to the Gulf. He calls for unity." Qaddafi and Assad were to return to Damascus together for a joint proclamation of the merger to the Syrian people, according to diplomatic sources in Beirut.

No date has been set for the trip to Damascus, but sources expect the two leaders in the Syrian capital by Wednesday.

In Kuwait, the newspaper *Al-Qabas* quoted unnamed sources who had visited Assad recently as saying the Syrian leader told them he would ask Qaddafi to become president of the unified state.

Other newspapers in the Gulf region welcomed the imminent merger, but cautioned that the "Camp David parties" — Israel, Egypt and the United States — would "try to sabotage" the planned union.

"The Camp David countries will try to prevent this unity between Libya and Syria by all means at their disposal and to split the Arab nation because such steps bring us closer to regaining our rights and liberate the occupied land," said the newspaper *Al-Fajr* of the Emirate of Al-Sharjah.

The newspaper *Al-Wihda*, or "unity," of Abu Dhabi, said "the Israeli enemy knows well that unity is death for Israel and will try to undermine it."

Although the countries are 1,000 kilometers apart, the merger plan has been interpreted both their capitals as a way of ending Syria's isolation in the front line against Israel and of strengthening opposition to the U.S. sponsored Camp David accord that led to Egypt's unilateral peace settlement with the Israelis.

The Syrian government newspaper *Tishrin* said in a commentary Monday on the proposed merger: "It welcomes at this time as a practical reply to all the plans of imperialism

Plans are being drawn up for an Islamic central bank perhaps centered on the Islamic Development Bank. The whole movement received a boost this week when central bank governors of Islamic countries meeting in Riyadh agreed to set up a committee to study ways of establishing an Islamic economic system.

From banking, Islamic economics has spread to insurance which in its normal Western form is barred by Islamic law. Islamic Investment Company Executive Vice-President Ibrahim Kamel explained that his firm runs an insurance trust which is over 10 per cent profitable to participants. A motor insurance trust made profits of over 15 per cent in the first six months this year, he added.

In all spheres of Islamic banking and finance, the rewards are good, association officials said. They expected profits of 15 to 20 per cent from the ventures, which is healthy by the most stringent Western standards.



Muammar Qaddafi

Summit terms set by Egypt

PARIS, Sept. 8 (AP) — Egyptian Vice President Hosni Mubarak said Monday there must be a "consensus" on the controversial issue of the status of Jerusalem prior to any three-way summit between the leaders of the United States, Egypt and Israel.

Mubarak, who is on the fourth leg of a European tour, made his comments to reporters after a 75-minute meeting with President Valery Giscard d'Estaing.

"If we ever succeed with regard to this problem (Jerusalem), which is one of the primordial aspects of the Palestinian autonomy question, then the Egyptian-Israeli negotiations, whether they be a resumption of earlier negotiations or preparation for an Egyptian-Israeli-American tripartite summit, will lead to concrete results that can be taken to the summit," Mubarak said. The Israeli parliament voted last month to make Jerusalem its capital.

The Egyptian vice president's remarks appeared to contradict comments made Saturday by special U.S. negotiator Sol Linowitz. Linowitz said under new American proposals for ending the stalemate over Palestinian self-rule, the issue of Jerusalem would be left to the final stages of the talks.

However, Mubarak said, "in order to prepare for a tripartite summit, there must be a consensus on the problem of Jerusalem."

But he added that the problem of Jerusalem was not unsolvable. "The position of Israel with regard to Jerusalem does not worry us," he said. "They previously had passed a fundamental law in the Knesset to annex the Sinai. The position of Israel vis-a-vis Jerusalem is their business, but it is in contradiction with ours — that Jerusalem is an integral part of the West Bank whether we like it or not. Jerusalem is a sensitive question that concerns 800 million Muslims and a billion Christians because of the holy nature of the city. Israel has a political view of Jerusalem, but the Pope, whom I met, has a religious view — that this affair does not concern only the Jews."

In other development Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir was to fly to Cairo Tuesday for talks with President Anwar Sadat on the stalled peace process between the two countries. It was officially announced in Tel Aviv Monday.

Israeli radio reported early Monday that Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon had submitted a plan to speed up negotiations on Palestinian autonomy in the West Bank to United States special envoy Sol Linowitz in Jerusalem last week.

While in Israel, Linowitz held talks with Prime Minister Menachem Begin before flying to Cairo to meet Sadat.

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هذه الفجر
بعد
الدراسات
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كل سنة من كل سنة
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مكان وتاريخ الفجر في
كل سنة من كل سنة
مع تخطيط مساقص

SR5b for expropriated land

Property owners to be compensated

TAIF, Sept. 8 (SPA) — A royal decree Sunday approved compensations for people whose land has been expropriated for public works. The money allocated totals SR 5.165 billion and is to be distributed to municipalities in various parts of the Kingdom.

Prince Miteb, minister of public works and housing and acting minister of municipal and rural affairs, said that properties were expropriated for opening new roads, and building gardens, shopping centers and parking lots, in addition to demolishing some houses to beautify cities and provide basic services.

Prince Miteb said a royal decree was also issued awarding contracts for the cleaning of Mina during the pilgrimage season this year to Saudi Arabian companies. SR18 million was allocated.



Meanwhile, Mecca Governor Prince Majed, chairman of the committee that will

distribute the apartments of Jeddah's Rush Housing Project, said Sunday that people who want apartments should be Saudi Arabians who do not own houses in Jeddah. They should be married with two or more children, or bachelors supporting their parents and brothers and/or sisters, or should be legally supporting three or more persons. They should not have had loans from the Real Estate Development Fund, and should not have benefited from any public or private housing project.

Prince Majed said should the applicants fulfilling the conditions outnumber available apartments, the apartments will be awarded by a drawing. Choosing of apartments will also be through a drawing.

comment

By Adnan Kamel Salah
Al Medina

It is earnestly hoped that Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan will give a posthumous award to Capt. Muhammad Al-Khuwaitir, in appreciation of his efforts to bring down safely his Tristar in a most difficult situation. It will not only be an honor to a person who died, but also a gracious gesture that will identify a citizen who exerted sincere efforts in carrying out his obligations. The award will symbolize the state's appreciation of the efforts of its citizens.

Regardless of the details of the disaster and the results of the inquiry, the incident has renewed confidence in Saudi Arabian Airlines and its pilots. Although the will of God reigns supreme, we still wish the rescue team had been able to save at least some of the passengers and the crew. But the conditions were far more difficult than expected, and therefore the incident should provide a lesson for all to be better prepared for such rare eventualities in the air or on the ground.

Our faith urges us to work always for the better. So does life call upon us for improvement in our work. Any unintentional shortcoming is, however, a part of human nature. But what we wish to see is that we possess enough courage to face events and make them public. A setback is a normal thing, but it is invariably followed by many questions and rumors. We cannot undo malicious rumors unless we tell the facts, however bitter they may be. To hide the facts would only provide a chance for hostile elements to propagandize.

Saudi Arabian pilots and Saudia deserve an expression of gratitude and appreciation, and perhaps more than a medal too. We cannot but feel proud of our able men in Saudia, and further hope to see capable Saudi Arabians in many other fields. Until this is achieved, we must express our admiration for every part of society which rises to record feats of heroism.



Sheikh Hassan Sharbatli

Envoy reaffirms Dutch embassy relocation

RIYADH, Sept. 8 (SPA) — Holland does not consider Jerusalem as the united capital of Israel, rather calling the city part of the occupied Arab land, according to the Consul General of the Netherlands in Jeddah.

Baron Shilton Van Hibestra said Monday that he hoped a convenient solution would be reached for the question of Jerusalem "because it is a holy place for Muslims, Christians and Jews and should not be a place for conflict and differences".

Hibestra said that his country decided to move its embassy from Jerusalem to Tel Aviv because of the change in public opinion in the Netherlands in last few years and a real understanding of the Palestinian cause.

The United Nations Security Council resolution on Jerusalem was a major reason for moving, in addition to the concern expressed by Islamic countries over the Netherlands' embassy in Jerusalem.

Hibestra described the Kingdom as one of the old friends of his country. The Netherlands was the second country to recognize Saudi Arabia, after Britain, when it was established by the late King Abdul Aziz. The late King and the late King Faisal ibn Abdul Aziz visited Holland years ago to express their appreciation to the government of Holland for its recognition, Hibestra said.

He added that Holland receives 10 percent of its petroleum imports from Saudi Arabia, and the Kingdom is second only to the U.S. as an important market for the Netherlands' products.

prayer times

	Mecca	Medina	Nejd
Tuesday	4.53	4.52	4.24
Fajr	6.11	6.10	5.42
Ishraq	12.25	12.26	11.56
Dhuhr	3.50	3.53	3.23
Asr	6.32	6.34	6.04
Maghreb	8.02	8.04	7.34
Isha			

Local businessman to aid families of crash victims

JEDDAH, Sept. 8 — A Jeddah businessman Monday offered material and financial support to relatives of the 301 victims of the Saudi TriStar disaster at Riyadh Airport Aug. 19.

Sayed Hassan Sharbatli, who offered in August to supply Arab and Muslim armies with provisions for the holy war called for by Crown Prince Fahd, requested that the deceased's families who would like to receive assistance contact him at his office in Mecca Road, Kilo 4, or Gabel Street. He promised regular cash, clothes and food assistance.

Sharbatli, 80, said, "This is the least that a good Muslim should do."

"We ought to offer all our resources for this objective and save Jerusalem, Palestine and the occupied territories from the ravages of Zionism and the occupation," he said in support of the call for Jihad.

Sharbatli's offer also included all his

trucks, cars and their personnel to help transport men and provisions and other materials to the armies. "It is therefore our duty as Muslims to regain our lost rights," he said.

He already is committing SR1 million a month indefinitely for the Afghan mujahideen resisting Soviet armies occupying Afghanistan. The Mecca-based World Muslim League transfers the money from Sharbatli to the mujahideen.

Sharbatli also donated 1.3 million bags of flour, as well as sugar, rice and other food worth millions of dollars.

Despite his vast resources, Sharbatli conducts his business simply, from behind a small table set on the floor of his office. A highly religious man, Sharbatli fasts most of the year, believing this is good for his health and his spirit and well-being suggest that he is right.

UPM registration ends Sept. 19

DHAHRAN, Sept. 8 (SPA) — The University of Petroleum and Minerals of Dhahran has announced that Sept. 19 would be the last date for registration for the 1980-81 academic year.

Dr. Ruwaid Al-Aqqad, dean of the student affairs department of the UPM said Sunday that the university aims to give students the opportunity to enter the university if they missed admission examinations organized by the UPM in various parts of the Kingdom.

The UPM will admit 1,200 first-year students this year, Dr. Aqqad said.

He said that a meeting was held at the UPM for representatives of all Saudi Arabian universities to prepare for the upcoming sports tournament. The tournament will consist of various games and was called for by the UPM in hopes of acquainting the Saudi Arabian youth with different universities and creating an encouraging competition between them.

Aqqad added that a temporary schedule for the games was issued.

Meanwhile, King Faisal Air Base will hold

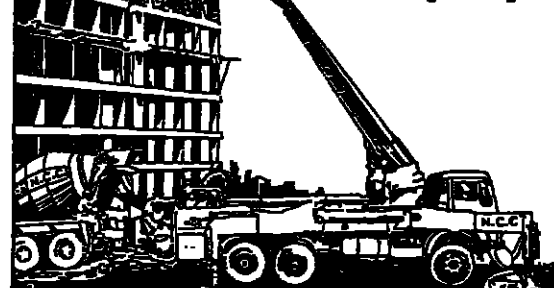
a ceremony Sept. 16 in honor of the graduation of its 18th session class, it was reported Monday. The ceremony will be attended by Deputy Riyadh Governor Prince Sattam on behalf of Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan. There are Bahraini and North Yemeni nationals among the graduates.

In other developments, the Eastern Province Education Directorate said that 100 scouts and five scout commanders will take part in the pilgrimage season.

Sabu Al-Hadaba, scout education instructor of the youth welfare department of the directorate, said that the scouts will leave for the scout pilgrimage camp in Mecca Oct. 7. The directorate will organize a special camp before that date to select the best group to be sent to the pilgrimage camp.

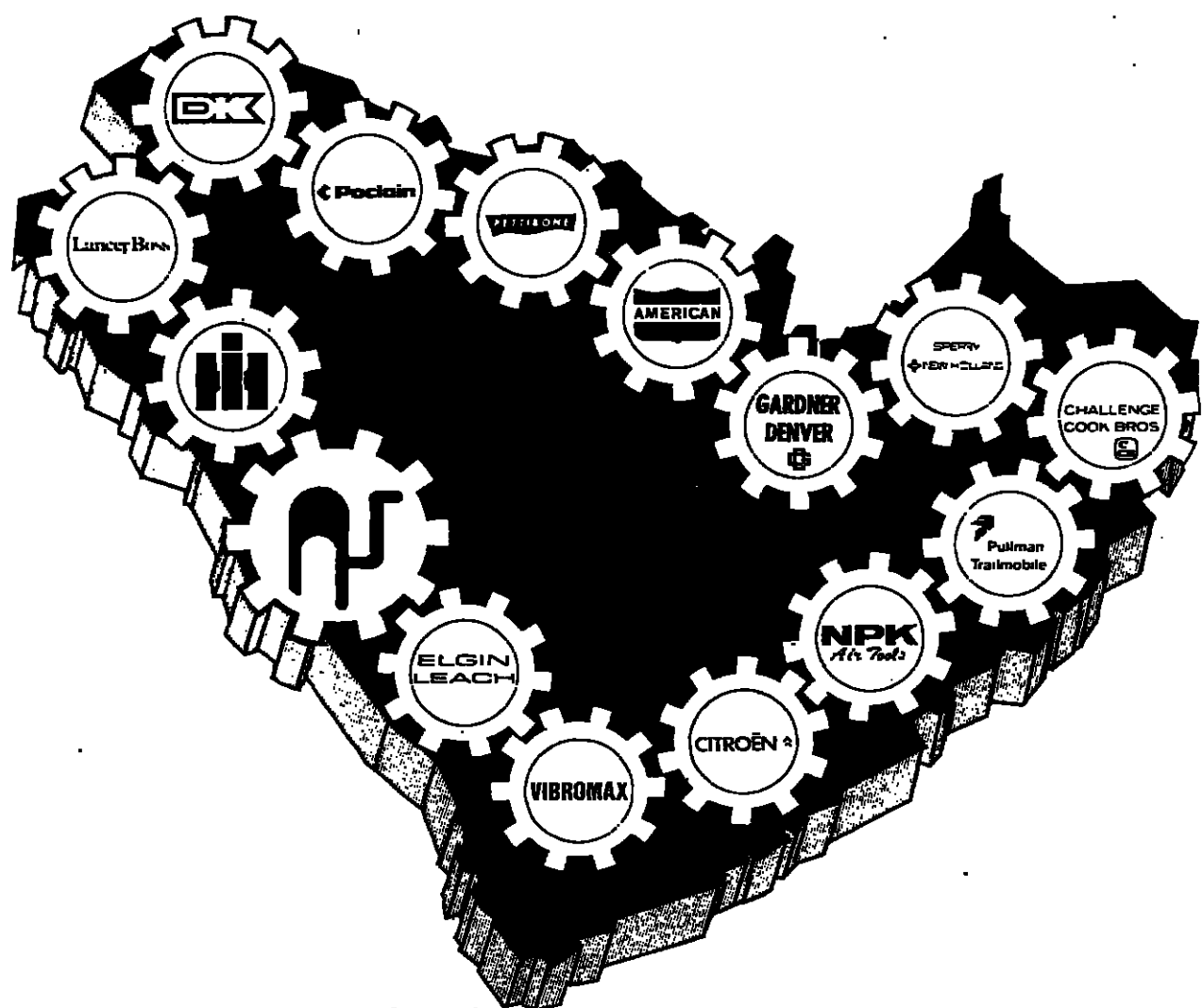
In the meantime, preparations are underway for the final ceremony for the Eastern Province's summer centers for 1979-80. The ceremony will be at the Eastern Province Education Directorate General's theatre in Dammam and will involve various cultural, social and sports programs.

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مكاشيونال

Hesitation to attend Muslims meet in Tashkent

MOSCOW, Sept. 8 (AFP) — A four-day international Muslim conference was opened in Tashkent Monday just at the very moment that Soviet prestige is being buffeted in the world of Islam over its intervention in Afghanistan. The conference is organized by the "Council of Soviet Central Asian Muslims" which announced its intention to hold it last year during a symposium attended by Soviet Muslims and others from India, Pakistan, Iran and Saudi Arabia.

But the symposium was held before the Afghan intervention when it was assumed that all countries attending the symposium would naturally go to Tashkent. But since last December, when Moscow moved troops into Kabul, a number of Muslim countries have preferred to keep their distance from the Soviet Union or have openly criticized it.

Last May the Soviet Union was bitterly criticized by delegates attending the Islamic conference in Islamabad. In addition, Moscow's relations with the new Islamic Iran have recently worsened seriously. Iran's religious leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini has even publicly branded the Soviet Union as a "satanic power" as bad as the United States.

For these reasons, Moscow intended to give less publicity to the Tashkent conference than it planned previously. The conference's official theme is peace. The authorities fear they could be embarrassed by a "boycott" of the conference by certain Muslim countries — the Iranian Ambassador here Mohamad Mokri told AFP that his country was uncertain about attending owing to the Afghan affair.

But there is no doubt that a Muslim conference held in the Soviet Union has a certain significance. Observers here believe that it

could enable Moscow to find a means of communication to the Islamic world so that the Kremlin could put forward some of its policies, notably on the Middle East. Last year Muslim delegates from Southern Yemen, Algeria and Jordan condemned, while they were in the Soviet Union, Israeli policies, "American imperialist plans" and assured the Palestinian people of their support.

Religious slogans were launched, but observers noted that they seemed to have been taken straight out of the Soviet press. Even a restricted Muslim conference in

Tashkent would enable Moscow to show the Islamic world that Muslims in the Soviet Union can freely practice their religion.

There are an estimated 40 million Muslims in the Soviet central Asian Republics, and in the Caucasus. So far Moscow has managed to avoid any direct ideological confrontation between communism and Islam. In fact Soviet economists stress the fact that the Muslim republics have probably profited most from the years of Soviet power.

There has certainly been little echo amongst Soviet Muslims of the conflict in the outside world.

Egypt, Libya competing to win loyalty of tribes along border

CAIRO, Sept. 8 — Egypt and Libya are battling for the loyalty of nomadic bedouin tribes that straddle their common border. Support of the tribes, who are used to freely moving across the 625-mile-long border, would be important in any future war between the two countries.

A recent tribal revolt on the Libyan side of the border led to bloody clashes with the Libyan army during which 400 bedouin were reportedly killed. Some tribal leaders have since crossed the border into Egypt and appealed to President Sadat for help.

It is thought that fighting began when Libyan army officers tried to cordon off land traditionally used by tribes for grazing their animals. Col. Muammar Qaddafi, the Libyan President, has since held out an olive branch to the tribes by offering them \$100,000 for each person killed in the clashes. The offer was brusquely rejected by tribal leaders, including members of the influential Awlad

Ali Olan, who prefer to return for help to the Egyptian authorities.

This calculated snub against Qaddafi is of special significance in tribal terms. For the bedouin imply that, border or no border, their collective loyalties are to the Egyptian government which has emerged as their "true" protector.

Libya was the loser during a brief five-day border war with Egypt in the summer of 1977. Tension along the border has remained high since then, with each side accusing the other of committing provocative acts.

Egyptian officials say they have reacted with caution and restraint during the latest bout of tension caused by the tribal revolt, with Sadat promising no more than moral support to the bedouins. The suspicious Libyans are taking no chances. Early last week Qaddafi fired off his own warning shot to the Egyptians. It took the form of a telegram to Pope Shenouda, leader of Egypt's troubled Coptic Christian minority, congratulating him on his escape from an attempt on his life.

Since no such attempt actually took place, the telegram, broadcast over radio Tripoli, was a none too subtle warning to Sadat to keep out of Libyan internal affairs or else suffer the consequences.

Belgium denies rumor regarding protection of Jews by Israelis

BRUSSELS, Sept. 8 (AP) — Both Belgian Jewish organizations and Belgian authorities Monday denied an alleged plan to use private Israeli security agents to protect the Jewish community in this country. Gilbert Amar, an adviser of former Israeli representative Samuel Flatto-Sharon, had claimed here Sunday such a plan, which was also prepared for France and would be studied for Britain and the United States, had been approved by

Rabat attacks three parties of N treaty

GENEVA, Sept. 8 (AFP) — The Moroccan delegate to the second review conference on the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty has said that the meeting had failed because of the three nuclear parties to the treaty — the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union. The Moroccan, commander Mohammed Arrassen, said Sunday that "after having made vague promises to the non-nuclear states in 1968 when the treaty was created, the three nuclear powers had themselves absolved in 1975, the year of the first review conference, without making a shadow of a concession."

There are 113 non-nuclear parties to the treaty in addition to the three nuclear powers. The Moroccan delegate said the treaty was born only because it suited the nuclear powers.

Sabah-Haq talks cover M.E. crisis, mutual relations

ISLAMABAD, Sept. 8 (R) — The ruler of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Ahmed al-Sabah, who is in Pakistan for a three-day state visit, held his first talks Sunday night with President Mohammad Zia-ul-Haq before attending a banquet in his honor. An official communiqué said the two leaders were together for some time, but gave no details. They are to meet again Monday for formal talks which Pakistani sources said would cover international, regional and bilateral issues.

The Kuwaiti ruler and his 62-member entourage arrived here Sunday at the start of a two-week foreign tour, his first since coming to power in December 1977. During the tour he is expected to discuss the Middle East, including the Palestine issue, Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, oil, and economic questions.

In a brief statement on arriving at the airport, Sheikh Sabah said the two sides would discuss regional and global issues. He was given a warm welcome. The



Sheikh Jaber
Kuwaiti ruler, was met by President Zia-ul-Haq at the Islamabad airport. His arrival was heralded by a 21-gun salute and the presentation of an honor guard.

Moroccan premier taking part

OAU trying to solve Sahara conflict

RABAT, Sept. 8 (AP) — Prime Minister Maati Bouabid left Sunday for Sierra Leone where an Organization of African Unity committee of "wise men" will make yet another effort to solve the five-year-old conflict over the Western Sahara. President Siaka Stevens of Sierra Leone will preside over the meeting of representatives from Sudan, Nigeria, Guinea, Mali and Tanzania Tuesday through Friday in Freetown.

The war in the Sahara is for control of 106,000 square miles of mineral-rich north-west African desert which during Spanish colonial rule had only 70,000 nomadic inhabitants. In November 1975, Spain ceded the territory to Morocco and Mauritania. Algeria challenged the handover by sponsoring a Marxist guerrilla liberation movement known as the Polisario front.

The guerrillas, based in Algeria and the Algerian Oasis of Tindouf, inflicted such

heavy casualties on Mauritania that several Mauritanian governments collapsed and finally a separate peace was signed with the Polisario last year. Morocco quickly moved in and annexed the Mauritania portion of the territory. Morocco claims a historic sovereignty over the territory and has been waging a tough fight within the OAU against the growing number of African countries that have recognized the Polisario and its "Democratic Saharan Arab Republic."

In Dar es Salaam, meanwhile, the Tanzanian government paper the "Sunday News" called for the OAU to "allow" Morocco to leave the organization unless it

was "prepared to take seriously Africa's demands" over the Sahara.

"This should be the last time we hear of a recalcitrant Morocco bent not only on smearing the OAU chairman and tarnishing the organization's reputation, but also clinging to an African territory by force," the paper said.

(Moroccan leaders have threatened to pull out of the OAU should the organization favor the Polisario front guerrillas. According to some reports, several other countries might follow Morocco out of the OAU should it grant the Polisario's request for admission of its republic.)

BRIEFS

KUALA LUMPUR, (AP) — Deputy Prime Minister Mahathir Mohamad Saturday called for solidarity among Muslim nations in their struggle to free Palestine and Jerusalem as well as fight Zionism.

ALGIERS, (R) — South Yemeni foreign Minister Salem Saleh Mohammed arrived in Algiers Sunday night and handed a message from Yemeni Head of State Ali Nasser Mohammed to Algerian President Chadli Benjedid, the Algerian News Agency reported.

KARACHI, (AP) — The provincial government of Sind announced Sunday it will seize all future copies of the Iranian monthly magazine, the "Jihad" (holy war) because it

contains "objectionable" and anti-Pakistan material.

KARACHI, (AP) — A special anti-corruption judge in the Hyderabad city of Sind, about 140 kilometers northeast of Karachi, Sunday gave a three year prison term and a fine of \$1,000 to P.K. Shahani, a former member of the national assembly and adviser to the chief minister of Sind during the late President Ali Bhutto's regime.

EAST BERLIN, (R) — The head of the political section of the Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO), Farouk Kaddoumi, arrived in East Berlin Monday for talks with East German Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer, the official ADN news agency reported.

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Black residents fearful

Zimbabwe to resettle guerrillas

SALISBURY, Sept. 8 (AP) — Zimbabwe's political leaders, faced with the problem of what to do with 22,000 guerrillas who brought them to power, are to move most of the fighters into a township near Salisbury.

Deputy Finance Minister Oliver Munyaradzi, addressing a political meeting near here Sunday, said that opponents of the program should "get out of the area because the government has made a decision and there is no going back."

The minister confirmed that Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's four-month-old black-majority government would soon move 15,000 to 17,000 of the guerrillas to some 1,700 vacant houses in Chitungwiza township.

He criticized residents of the all-black township who reportedly fear a wave of banditry and violence if the guerrillas, many veterans of the seven-year war, move in. "These liberators have stayed in the bush too long

and we cannot continue keeping them there," Munyaradzi said.

The guerrillas, loyal to either Mugabe or his home affairs minister, Joshua Nkomo, have been blamed for mounting lawlessness in the countryside since 35,000 of them began gathering in assembly camp, after a British-arranged cease-fire Dec. 29.

The bored and restless guerrillas have allegedly killed at least three policemen, attacked police posts with automatic weapons, mortars and rockets and harassed civilians. Some 13,000 of those who originally gathered at camps have been integrated into a national army with soldiers they once fought, sent for training before joining the new army or deployed to the countryside to grow food.

"These are the people who liberated the country and there is no better way to thank them than by giving them a decent living," Munyaradzi declared.

It was not immediately clear whether the guerrillas would take their weapons with them to Chitungwiza, nor was it known whether they would be given jobs or state pensions. The minister said other areas would be sought to resettle the remaining guerrillas.

Their continued presence in the camps with their weapons has confronted Mugabe with the most serious challenge to law and order since he led the former British colony to independence April 18. This followed a bitter war by guerrillas against the security forces of white-dominated governments that controlled Rhodesia for nine decades.

The first unconfirmed reports that guerrillas would be moved into Chitungwiza, Zimbabwe's biggest black settlement, were published over the weekend with protests from residents. "If former guerrillas are coming here, then the government must ensure they are all disarmed because this could mean trouble," Mrs. Rostina Chirerukira told the *Sunday Mail* newspaper.

Others complained that the resettlement program would rob many civilian Zimbabweans of houses. "They (the government) should scatter them throughout the country so that there is no concentration of former guerrillas in any one area," Alexander Gondo, a street peddler, told the newspaper.

2 Romanians defect

SYRACUSE, Sicily, Sept. 8 (R) — Two Romanian seamen dived off an anchored oil tanker and swam a mile to the Sicilian shore where they asked for political asylum, police said. They said Doreu Dragan, 20, and Vasili Bucor, 22, leapt from the tanker *Muntemca* as it was waiting to unload at a refinery Monday in the Gulf of Augusta last week. After they reached the shore the two seamen walked through the city in bathing costumes until they found the police headquarters where they asked for asylum.

600 years ago, victory

Kulikovo stirs Soviet pride

MOSCOW, Sept. 8 (AP) — Six hundred years ago Monday, a hastily gathered force of Russians under a young Muscovite prince routed a powerful Mongol army south of Moscow in a battle that is being refought by the Soviet press with a clamor comparable to the original.

The victory of a feudal prince over Asian occupiers may not at first sight appear to be a natural source of pride, inspiration and jubilation for a multinational Communist state. But the anniversary of the battle of Kulikovo has loosed one of the greatest torrents in years of Russian nationalism in articles, documentaries, books and exhibitions.

The battle is hailed as the precedent for many struggles against invaders, and — perhaps more significantly in view of Soviet-Chinese tensions — as a milestone in Russia's historic role as a buffer to Asiatic expansionism.

Full pages of Soviet newspapers have been filled with heady praise for the ancient Russian warriors, heroic illustrations, ringing poems and learned analyses — all depicting the "people's victory" as a source of the "great and unique destiny" of the Russian people.

"The memory of the grandiose battle has been preserved forever by the nation," wrote the journal *Communist*. "The Kulikovo was an example of the high patriotism and selfless courage of Russian soldiers, of the triumph of the rightful duty of the nation."

The government daily *Izvestia* declared that the Kulikovo victory "proved that the unification of Russian people opens the way to the overthrow of the yoke of foreign conquerors."

"Even in the 20th century, the battle at Kulikovo is something that makes the hearts of the Russian people beat faster," declared historian Fyodor Nesterov in a new book, *Continuity of Epochs*.

The Kulikovo battle has always had special significance in Russian history. It was invoked by the tsars to inspire troops against Napoleon.

Dictator Josef Stalin, who actively rekindled Russian nationalism during World War II to fire Soviet troops, had posters printed picturing Dmitry Donskoi, the Muscovite prince who led the Russians at Kulikovo, alongside Soviet troops fighting the Nazis.

But the current revival has gone beyond painting Kulikovo as a victory against foreign occupiers. The battle is being depicted as the dawn of Russian nationalism and statehood, as a major event in Soviet and European history.

Mass celebrations Sunday at Kulikovo field, about 270 kilometers southeast of Moscow, were rich with references to the Russian past as the foundation of the Communist present. (Soviet authorities refused permission to Western correspondents to visit Kulikovo, without giving any explanation.)

Soviets say the publicity campaign around Kulikovo may be the biggest celebration of Russian roots since World War II. It reflects the Soviet Union's increasingly open appeal to its Russian heritage and character rather than the "proletarian internationalism" of orthodox Communist ideology.

"It was at Kulikovo Field that the features which subsequently lent Russia her unique national character were first displayed," declared Nesterov. Among those he lists are courage, modesty, selflessness, and patriotism.

"The battle became a synonym of Russian military glory, it became a turning point in Russia's battle for independence, it led to a fundamental change in the entire political situation of Eastern Europe," *Izvestia* said.

According to ancient chroniclers, the battle of Kulikovo was as bloody as it was momentous. So great was the carnage, they say, that the sun was obscured, the field ran with rivers of blood and the commands of chieftains were drowned by the groans of the dying, the clash of swords and the neighing of horses.

The Mongols had been ravaging and plundering Russian cities for about 150 years when Prince Dmitry of Moscow gathered a force from his own and neighboring cities to confront the armies of Khan Mamai.



UNOFFICIAL: Liberian President Samuel Doe, right, is welcomed on a day-long unofficial visit to Tanzania by Vice-President Aboud Jumbe. Doe seized power in Liberia last spring.

Movies suffer

In Italy, TV means status

ROME, Sept. 8 (AP) — Italians, who used to go to the movies and theater in droves and sit for hours talking in cafes, are becoming inveterate television watchers.

The new status symbol is no longer the sleek Ferrari or the stylish Gucci bag but the multi-channel color television set.

Until five years ago Italians made do with black-and-white broadcasts by two state-controlled channels whose programs were consistently panned by the critics. A court order has since opened the way for private stations, the government resolved a diplomatic dilemma and started broadcasting in color and the state television added a third channel to meet the competition.

A survey last week confirmed the message: tagging box office receipts reporting the bulk of an Italian's entertainment lira goes for radio and television equipment. Spending on this has been increasing at 8 per cent a year while spending on theater and movie tickets has been going down about 2 per cent a year, the survey said.

"In our country, people love to sit in an armchair watching television, reading little, not spending much for the movies and not going to the theater," said the study, which was commissioned by a publishing group.

"It's intellectually less taxing to get all your information from the TV than read a book, even if more expensive," said Lola Pasquetti

as she displayed a line of color sets ranging in price from \$600 to \$960 at her store in a Rome suburb. "It's a status symbol. No family wants to be caught without a color TV."

Among the nine countries in the European Common Market, Italy has the most black-and-white television with sets in 90.7 per cent of all homes. It was one of the last to introduce color, and was slow in deciding between the French and German systems. It finally opted for the German system three years ago and already 20 per cent of Italian homes boast a color set.

The revolution in television came in 1975 with a high court ruling that the state monopoly of local television and radio was unconstitutional. Now there are 508 private TV stations — about 20 in Rome alone — giving Italy one TV station for every 111,930 persons compared with one every 216,260 persons in the United States. They are wooing viewers with late-night adult movies and a steady diet of American situation comedies and cops-and-robbers fare such as "Lo Go" or "NYPD."

With the average Italian family spending four hours and seven minutes a day in front of the tube, according to another survey, the stakes are high. The private stations are now grabbing nearly 20 per cent of the audience and an increasing share of the advertising revenue.

Guatemalan hits 'gringo' democracy

GUATEMALA CITY, Guatemala, Sept. 8 (AP) — President Fernando Romeo Lucas Garcia told the United States Sunday to stop what he alleges is interference in Guatemala's internal affairs and warned opponents of his rightist regime that he does not intend to allow himself to be overthrown.

"The 'gringos' are not coming here to teach us what democracy is," Gen. Lucas Garcia told a rally of cheering supporters. "Jimmy Carter's type of democracy is linked to Russia and offers no security to the countries of Latin America."

"We seek relations with all countries of the world... But these relations must be of reciprocity and not of intervention," he said.

Lucas Garcia spoke to an anti-Communist rally from a balcony in the national palace overlooking a park where a powerful bomb explosion Friday killed nine persons and injured 127 others. Government spokesmen blamed leftist guerrilla organizations for that attack and a dozen other explosions and shootings Friday that killed seven other persons. They did not identify the groups.

An estimated 100,000 persons crowded the plaza for the meeting, organized by a federation of conservative groups called the National Action Committee for Democracy and Liberty.

"The presence of the Guatemalan people in this plaza gives the lie to those bad Guatemalans here and abroad who have calumniated" the government, Lucas Garcia said in apparent reference to ex-vice President Francisco Villagrán Kramer and other former officials, who recently denounced allegedly widespread human rights violations by his regime.

A civilian elected with Lucas Garcia on a two-party coalition ticket in 1978, Villagrán Kramer resigned last week over policy disagreements with the president. Lucas Garcia had the legislature replace him with Rodolfo Mendoza Azurdia, an army colonel. With few exceptions, Guatemala has been ruled by military presidents for the past 40 years.

In Washington, Villagrán Kramer accused Lucas Garcia of "covering up" facts surrounding the recent assassination by rightist paramilitary squads of left-leaning leaders in Guatemala.

Lucas Garcia claimed that "Guatemala has a democratic and constitutional government and they will not get me out of here, out of the national palace, as they did with Anastasio Somoza." Somoza, whose family ruled neighboring Nicaragua for 42 years, was overthrown by a left-led revolution in June 1979.

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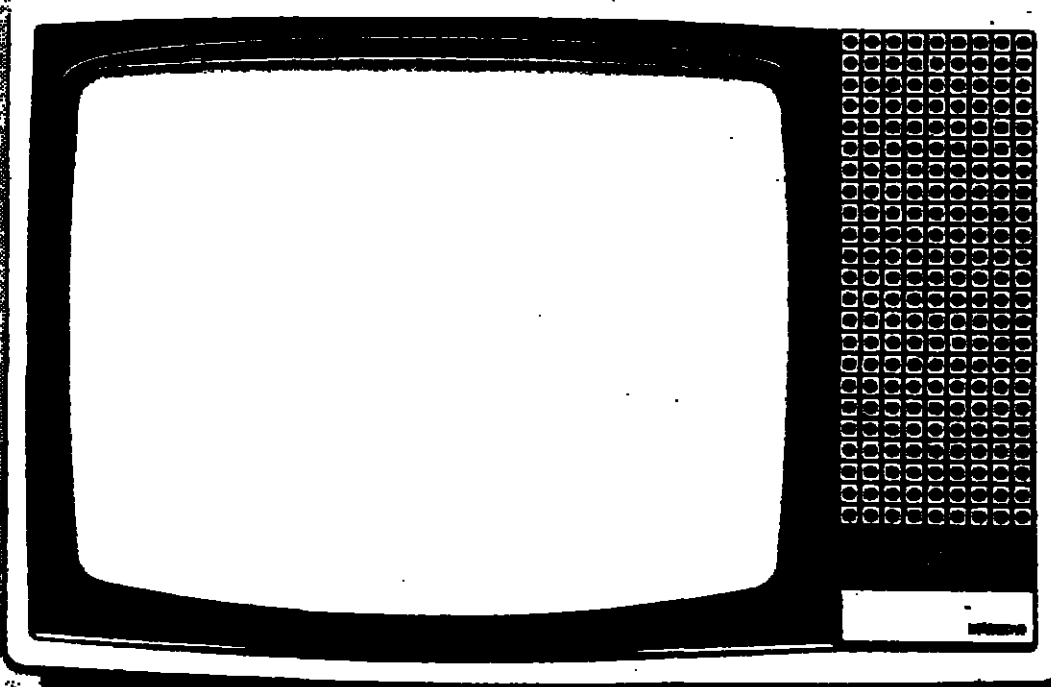
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Dashes Swede's Grand Slam hopes

McEnroe whips Borg in Open

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP) — Defending champion John McEnroe picked apart Bjorn Borg's game with slicing serves, hard returns punching volleys and outlasted the Swede 7-6, 6-1, 6-7, 5-7, 6-4 Sunday to win his U.S. Open tennis title.

Borg's serve, generally reliable if not overwhelming, deserted him early in the match. Six times in a row — from late in the set through the end of the second — Borg was unable to hold his serve. That turned out to be too much of an edge to give to the 23-year-old left-hander from nearby Douglass, N.Y.

Borg was able to fight back and win the third and fourth sets, but in the fifth McEnroe broke the tie in the seventh game to go up 4-3, then held his final two service games to win. It was the first time since 1976 Borg has lost a five-set match, ending a run of 13 victories.

The four-hour, 10-minute victory was a net one for the fiery McEnroe, coming less than 24 hours after his emotional and exhausting 4 1/2-hour semifinal triumph over American archrival Jimmy Connors and ending in part his five-set loss at the hands of Borg in their classic Wimbledon final just months ago.

For Borg the defeat was a bitter one. The five-time Wimbledon and French Open champion has tried to win the U.S. championship eight times, and failed eight times.

This is the third year in a row he has come to the National Tennis Center with the Wimbledon and French titles in hand, needing the U.S. Open to maintain his hopes of joining Don Budge and Rod Laver as the only men to win tennis's Grand Slam, which concludes with the Australian Open in December.

Two years ago he was beaten by Jimmy Connors in the U.S. Open final — the last time he has lost in straight sets. Last year it was Roscoe Tanner who beat Borg in a stunning quarterfinal upset. Sunday it was McEnroe who crushed Borg's Slam hopes.

In doing so, he became the Open's first repeat champion since Australia's Neale Fraser in 1959-60 and the first American to repeat since Pancho Gonzalez in 1948-49.

McEnroe, the No. 2 seed, closed out the victory with an overhead smash, then raised both arms skyward in a victory salute.

"It's a thrill beating the No. 1 player in the world," said McEnroe. "He's proven it by his record. I've had some disappointments, but I'm glad I was able to win this major championship."

The triumph was McEnroe's fourth in nine career matches against Borg and ended a personal three-match losing streak.

McEnroe, who had sprained his ankle two weeks earlier, said he managed to find a second wind in the final set.

"I didn't feel too bad in the beginning of the match. But I started to feel it in the fourth," said McEnroe. "But I figured it was only one more set, so I hung in there."

McEnroe earned first prize of \$46,000 from the total purse of \$654,082 in this richest tennis tournament in the world. Borg received \$23,000 for his third second-place finish in the Open. He also was runner-up in 1976 and 1977.

"We played a great match, but he was just too tough for me today," said Borg, the top seed. "For sure I will be back here next year to try to win this tournament."

The capacity crowd of 18,551, which brought the tournament's overall attendance to a record 331,140 paid and 364,350 overall, saw the world's two top-ranked players playing tennis that was erratic at best. There was some fine shotmaking, in particular McEnroe's volleys and Borg's serve, trying to buy extra fractions of a second in which to gauge the spin and slice. The tactic worked fairly well at the start, with McEnroe helping by missing many of his first serves.

The first eight games went with serve, then the two players exchanged service breaks in the final four games of the first set to go to a tiebreaker. McEnroe, who won a classic fourth-set tiebreaker at Wimbledon 18-16 only to lose the match in the fifth set, won this tiebreaker 7-4. He won one of the points with an ace off a second serve, benefitting from a questionable call that brought a grimace to the face of the stolid Swede. McEnroe scored his last three tiebreaker points with his best weapon — a short, punching forehand volley that he seems able to direct to any corner of the court.

In other play, Billie Jean King teamed with Martina Navratilova to win the doubles championship Sunday, beating Betty Stove of the Netherlands and Pam Shriver 7-6, 7-5.

It was the 13th Open crown for the 36-year-old King — four women's singles, five women's doubles and four mixed doubles.

Meanwhile, Wendy Turnbull of Australia and Marty Rissessen captured the mixed doubles title with a 7-6, 6-2 triumph over Stove and Frew McMillan of South Africa.



John McEnroe

Ashe to lead U.S. Davis Cup

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP) — Arthur Ashe, former U.S. and Wimbledon champion, was named captain of the United States Davis Cup team Sunday replacing Tony Trabert.

"I always wanted to be captain but I never canvassed for the job," said Ashe, 37.

Trabert cited the change in Davis Cup format and scheduling as his reasons for stepping down. The United States won two Davis Cups in Trabert's five years as captain.

"When I was a kid, three entities in tennis meant a lot to me: Forest Hills, Pancho Gonzalez and the Davis Cup," said Ashe, who won the 1967 U.S. championship and the 1975 Wimbledon title. "There's a lot of emotion and significance attached. My involve-

ment began when I was 17 and was named to the Junior Davis Cup team.

"This is the culmination of the long road for me."

U.S. Tennis Association President Jon Carrio said that Ashe was the only candidate for the position. "We had only one person in mind," said Carrio. "We didn't want to bother to interview anyone else."

Carrio praised Trabert's contributions to tennis. "Tony is one of the greatest ambassadors of tennis," he noted. "He has left a trail of goodwill everywhere."

Ashe, who retired from competitive tennis last year following heart problems, played, by his own estimation, "at least 36 matches in Davis Cup. I was involved in 18 series."

Leeds coach facing ax, club reports

LEEDS, England, Sept. 8 (AFP) — A statement on Jimmy Adamson's future as Leeds manager was expected after a board meeting at the Elland Road ground Monday.

Chairman Manny Cussins will not be at the meeting because of a business trip abroad but he had a secret meeting with other directors Sunday and a decision was made about Adamson.

In a terse statement Cussins said: "We have been at it all day and a decision will be announced at the board meeting tomorrow."

Bad results and repeated demonstrations by the fans against Adamson have brought matters to a head and the 3-0 defeat at Stoke Saturday dumped Leeds at the bottom of the First Division.

Soccer Results

Greek First Division	
Aek	1
Apollon	0
Aris	1
Yannina	0
Dora	0
Ethnikos	0
Kavala	0
Panathinaikos	3
Panserikos	0
Olympiakos	3
Belgian First Division	
Anderlecht	0
Berchem	0
Westerlo	0
La Gantoise	0
Lierse	0
FC Brugse	0
Berchem	0
Berchem	0
Standard Liege	0
RWD Molenbeek	0
Austrian First Division	
Rapid	0
Ernstbrunn	0
Wiener Sportclub	0
Sturm Graz	0
LASK	0
Spanish First Division	
Osasuna	0
Valencia	0
Sevilla	0
Real Madrid	0
Real Sociedad	0
Real Betis	0
Real Murcia	0
Sevilla	0
Alcala	0
Alcala	0
Alcala	0
Portuguese First Division	
Sporting Braga	0
Vizela	0
Estrela	0
Vizela	0
Vizela	0
Swiss First Division	
Basle	0
Basle	0
Basle	0
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As NFL season begins

Giant Simms tosses for 5 touchdowns

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP) — Since the pro football league opens during baseball season, it's fair to steal this basic from the national pastime: after the first week of the season, the pitchers (quarterbacks) are way ahead of the hitters (cornerbacks).

Phil Simms, the second-year quarterback of the New York Giants, tossed five touchdowns passes — four to Earnest Gray — in victimizing the St. Louis Cardinals 41-35.

Dan Fouts, who set a single-season record with 4,082 passing yards in 1979, fired four TD strikes, two of them to John Jefferson, as the San Diego Chargers crushed the

Seattle Seahawks 34-13.

Tommy Kramer, emerging from Fran Tarkenton's long shadow, completed 30 of 42 passes for 395 yards and three touchdowns, rallying the Minnesota Vikings past the Atlanta Falcons 24-23.

Terry Bradshaw ran for one touchdown and passed for two others in leading the Pittsburgh Steelers over the Houston Oilers 31-17.

Ron Jaworski's three touchdown passes carried the Philadelphia Eagles past the Denver Broncos 27-6.

Bert Jones, who missed all but seven

games of the past two seasons with a damaged shoulder, ran for one touchdown and passed for 257 yards in leading the Baltimore Colts past the New York Jets 17-14.

Dan Pastorini, playing his first regular season game for Oakland after being traded by Houston for Ken Stabler, tossed two TD passes to Bob Chandler and set up another score with a 52-yard bomb as the Raiders downed the Kansas City Chiefs 27-14.

Steve Grogan of New England threw for three touchdowns in the Patriots' 34-17 triumph over the Cleveland Browns.

Doug Williams hit tight end Jimmie Giles with a pair of TD passes, the second one coming with 1:47 left, to give the Tampa Bay Buccaneers a 17-12 victory over the Cincinnati Bengals.

In other games, rookie running back Billy Sims rushed for three touchdowns and 153 yards in pacing the upstart Detroit Lions over the Los Angeles Rams 41-20.

Ray Wersching booted a 37-yard field goal with just under 4 minutes left to play and gave the San Francisco 49ers a 26-23 opening day victory over the New Orleans Saints.

Daniel wins in golf

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 8 (AP) — Beth Daniel set a single season money winning record by winning the World Series of Women's Golf on Sunday, closing with a 1-under-par 71 and a one-shot victory.

Nancy Lopez Melton, who had set the previous record with earnings of \$197,468 in 1979, also shot a 71 and finished second with 283, 5-under par for the new tournament at the country club.



Phil Simms



Earnest Gray

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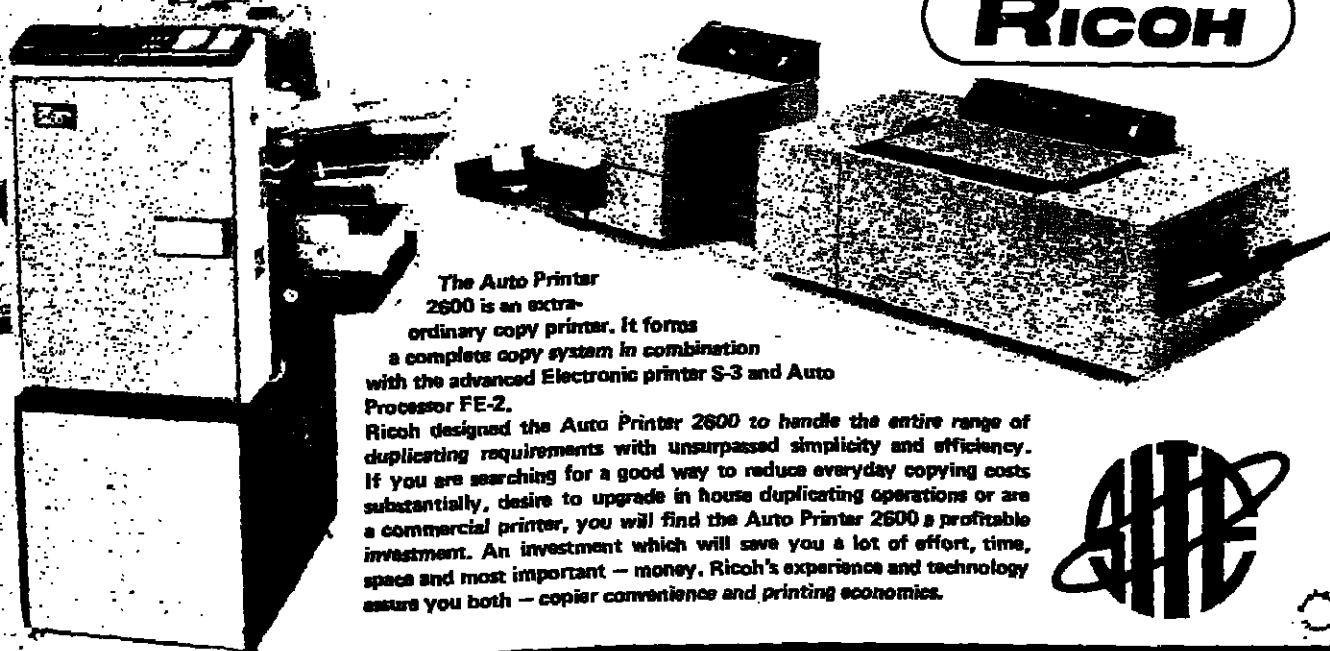
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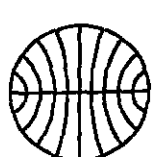
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OMINOUS SIGNS

The signs that Israel is preparing for a massive strike against South Lebanon are too numerous and obvious to ignore. Aside from Palestinian and Lebanese warnings, the French ambassador, among others, said in Beirut three days ago that the situation is extremely serious, and that it might explode at any moment. This was echoed by the commanders of the United Nations peace-keeping force in South Lebanon, hinting at the severe pressures Israel is putting them under, in preparation for forcing their departure. This would leave the field clear for Israel and its ally, the renegade Lebanese army Maj. Saad Haddad.

The present international climate — specifically the presidential election in the United States — is seen as providing Israel with what might be a unique opportunity to create "new facts" on the Litani river, which it can use then as further bargaining card in any future negotiations. An attack now, so the Israelis think, will also cripple the military and potential of the Palestine Liberation Organization, thus offsetting its recent political gains on the international scene.

It is against such a background that the Arab countries are holding contacts over a possible emergency meeting of the Arab Defense Council at which to agree on a common approach to the danger threatening South Lebanon.

The meeting, if it convenes, will find itself dealing with two divergent views on the crisis and how it is to be met. The first is that of the PLO, which demands that the Arab countries should recognize that the fight in the Lebanese South is a pan-Arab fight, so that they should shoulder their responsibilities fully toward it. The ultimate Israeli target, the PLO argues, is neither the Palestinians alone nor the Palestinians and the Lebanese, but the Arab world as a whole.

Against this, there is the official Lebanese view, which calls for a full revision of the whole question of the Palestinian military presence in Lebanon. The Lebanese government sees in the last round of skirmishes between the PLO and the Lebanese Shiite organization, Amal, an occasion to renew its demands for a formula governing the activities of the PLO in the country, superseding the 1969 Cairo agreement which, under Arab sponsorship, was supposed to govern the relations between the PLO and the Lebanese government.

BEGIN'S AGGRESSIVENESS

From Begin's point of view, Egypt's decision to resume the Palestinian "autonomy talks" with Israel is something of a personal triumph. He has told American envoy Sol Linowitz that he will give no concessions; and reiterated this as the envoy went on to visit Cairo to talk to Sadat. Begin therefore has guaranteed that the resumed talks will come to nothing. His aggressive, expansionist policies are securely on course, and the talks will pose no threat to them.

Having thus preempted further talks with his Camp David partners, Begin then turned his attention to the European effort preparing for a Middle East initiative. His government made violent attacks on the European envoy Gaston Thorn, whose "crime" was asking to be allowed to see some of the leaders of the Palestinians on the West Bank. The Israelis claimed that the cause of the acronym was not so much this as the clash between Thorn's visit and that of Linowitz.

Thorn, however, angered the Israelis again, and even more violently. This time the cause was his exchange of letters with the Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization Yasser Arafat. For the Israelis, Thorn's was a double blunder. To talk to Arafat at all is itself bad enough; but to agree with him that the situation in South Lebanon gives cause for concern is far worse. Thorn therefore will be received from now on not as an independent negotiator, but as someone whose sympathies are suspect.

No one, of course, is putting much store by the European initiative itself. There is little reason to hope that, with the United States failing to apply pressure on Israel, Europe will succeed in doing so. Yet Israel, it is clear, does not want to leave a glimmer of hope that an equitable solution to the Palestinian crisis is possible.

Hotheads threaten Zimbabwe's future

By Colin Smith

SALISBURY —

Edgar Tekere, the Zimbabwean minister now in jail awaiting trial for the murder of an elderly white farmer, has spent much of his adult life as a political prisoner. Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's decision not to interfere with the process that allowed a white policeman to put him back in jail again was probably his most painful since coming to power.

The decision hurt the Zimbabwean leader on two counts. First, it marked the end of a friendship dating back to the nine years they served together in Salisbury central prison, where the singing of the men in the condemned cells was a continual reminder of the price being paid for the dream of a free Zimbabwe. But, secondly, the decision may have to be paid for in concessions to radicals in Mugabe's cabinet who considered Tekere more than just a hothead.

Determined not to frighten away economically vital members of the white community, particularly farmers, Mugabe had disappointed many old followers with his talk of moderate policies and the necessity for law and order. Repeatedly he has had to persuade his less subtle colleagues that he has not gone soft on revolution. Tough-minded decisions — and this was the toughest — have to be balanced on the radical side of the scale.

There is, for instance, pressure to replace Lt. Gen. Peter Walls, the former supreme commander of the Rhodesian Security Forces who resigned as head of the new Zimbabwean national army, with Rex Nhomgo, who commands Mugabe's ZANLA guerrillas. However, Nhomgo has a reputation for drunken brawls. He has been involved in a punch-up with a white businessman and police are also investigating a shooting incident.

The very idea of his being even nominally in control of the country's security would horrify most whites. It would certainly accelerate the exodus of white officers to South Africa and might denude the air force of fighter pilots.

Even more important, Nhomgo's appointment would be intolerable to Joshua Nkomo, leader of ZAPU and Mugabe's chief political rival, whose

acceptance of election defeat and a cabinet seat last April averted the immediate possibility of civil war. Mugabe is very aware of the delicacy of this transitional period, during which British Army instructors are trying to forge a national army from rival guerrilla forces who have never enjoyed more than an uneasy truce.

He has hinted that he wants another "neutral" for the job until the integration process is complete. A professional soldier from the new Commonwealth would save the embarrassment of having another white face at the top. Yet some of his ministers would probably consider this far too cautious. In a land still in the grip of the white administration, they want Nhomgo now.

Mugabe is usually unwilling to act until the majority of his cabinet is on his side. Often tribal loyalties outweigh political arguments. Tekere, a Manyika Shona, could be relied upon to back Mugabe, a Zezuru Shona, in any power struggle against the Karanga Shonas, who are the main clan of the tribe.

(Most of the ruling ZANU-PF are Shona, really a language grouping and the majority tribe in Zimbabwe. Nkomo's ZAPU is largely recruited from the Matabele, an offshoot of the Zulus, who treated the Shona as a subject race before the arrival of the white colonists.)

Tekere, who holds the number three position of secretary general in ZANU-PF, was Mugabe's principal ally when he broke away from the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole to set up the "reformed" ZANU after their release from prison and departure to Mozambique in 1975.

It was not until the Lancaster House conference that the old friendship began to show signs of wear. When the negotiations were at their most delicate stage, Mugabe became so tired of his friend's uncompromising attitude — one of his plays was to refer to Lord Carrington as "Comrade Lord" — that he despatched him to New York to address the U.N. on the evils of racism.

In recent months, although he has denied any differences with the prime minister, Tekere has increasingly become the focus for opposition within

the party, particularly among guerrillas still languishing in assembly camps. The arrest of 200 African students in central Salisbury recently, for staging a "release Tekere" demonstration, shows that he has a following among the educated young.

A gifted orator, he has a habit of speaking very slowly and then belting out a key phrase. Tekere never made any secret of his contempt for gradualism. Sample: "There is no next week about it. It must be now. In fact, we wanted it yesterday. We should have had it yesterday."

Fortunately for Mugabe, Tekere's undoubted charisma was marred by his increasing drunkenness. The 43-year-old minister's attention to the more mundane affairs of State became increasingly erratic. He eschewed the suits and briefcases of his colleagues for a Castro-style combat uniform, often complete with pistol, and a similarly dressed, mainly adolescent bodyguard of six who trailed his blue Jaguar about town.

After his years in prisons and detention camps, he spent the war years in Mozambique while younger men did the fighting. He seemed bitter that the war was over before he had a chance to fire a shot.

A party — one of many in recent weeks — sparked off the tragedy at Stamford Farm, a rundown establishment five miles southwest of Salisbury being looked after by 68-year-old Gerald Adams.

Since Tekere's application for bail was heard in camera. For reasons of state security, few details of what happened at Stamford Farm have emerged. What is known is that the minister and some of his young acolytes were having a party in a building about 400 yards from the farmhouse. After an argument, shots were fired at them by one of a detachment of African soldiers, veterans of the Rhodesian army having their own bottle party in nearby farm buildings.

The next afternoon, according to eyewitnesses, Tekere's young men launched a classic, "extended line" military assault on the farm buildings. Almost every pane of glass was shattered by fire. The African soldiers fled, leaving Gerald Adams dying over his radio, shot through the back — (OFNS)

Uganda elections doubtful

By Nick Worrall

KAMPALA — The murder of a Ugandan politician and a series of attacks on members of the Democratic Party — the leading opposition to Dr. Milton Obote's Uganda People's Congress — leave the chances of free, fair elections for the first time in 18 years in considerable doubt.

In addition, the schedule date of Sept. 30 for the election is doubtful in the face of all the organization which has yet to get under way and the reluctance of some governments to provide election aid worth more than \$4.6 million.

At a Kampala news conference, leaders of the DP presented a long list of assaults, attacks, detention and attempts to intimidate their members. The leaders alleged that these had been organized mainly in northern Uganda by UPC supporters, members of the Uganda army and of the people's militia.

Among those attacked were two DP ministers in the present Military Commission government and other party officials, one of whom had to have emergency eye treatment in Britain.

In Kampala, citizens have seen a return to the pointless and terrifying night-time gunfire for which no official explanation is ever given. But hundreds of families have moved out of their houses in the city and several people have been shot dead. One of these was Leonard Mugwanya, 55, a prospective DP election candidate and the son of one of the party's founders.

This death and the new wave of shootings — the worst in the city since last September when the still enforced 10 p.m. to 6 a.m. curfew was introduced — led DP officials to say they believed the UPC now had no intention of contesting the election.

Party Vice-President Tiberio Okenyi said that in the DP's view the UPC and Dr. Obote now "realize they cannot win a free and fair election. Therefore they are determined to create a situation in which an election cannot be held" — (OFNS)

Saudi Arabian Press Review

Monday's newspapers led with King Khaled's arrival in Geneva for rest. Also prominent was the royal decision for immediate payment of SR 5 billion compensation to those whose properties had been expropriated by the state for constructing public facilities. *Al-Bilad* played as its lead story a statement by Riyadh Governor Prince Salman in which he said that the new system of government and the Advisory Council would be issued next year. In a lead story *Okaz* quoted official Palestinian sources in Damascus as saying the PLO is pushing Arab states to convene an emergency meeting of the Joint Arab Defense Council on Sept. 11 to confront the Zionist assaults on South Lebanon.

A majority of newspapers focused on the Kingdom's denial of signing a security agreement with Britain. The denial was prompted by a report which was published in a Lebanese magazine *Al-Efah* *Al-Arab*, which claimed that an accord was reached between the two countries during the recent visit of British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington to Saudi Arabia. Papers also gave front-page play to Syrian President Hafez Assad's visit to Libya to discuss the proposed union between the two countries with the Libyan leadership.

Governor of Mecca region Prince Majed's announcement concerning the allotment of Jeddah Towers apartments to citizens appeared prominently in most newspapers. Also a major story was the Kuwaiti Ruler's tour of six Asian countries, during which he is expected to discuss with the leaders of Pakistan, India, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Malaysia and Singapore, Crown Prince Fahd's call for jihad. Newspapers also gave page one treatment to the meeting of the Arab Economic and Social Council which began in Tunis Monday. *Al-Yom* highlighted an Israeli government scandal in which

the Israeli Minister of Religious Affairs and a religious leader were reported to have forged and embezzled millions of Israeli pounds from the Ministry and put them in banks in Switzerland and Liechtenstein.

In an editorial on the U.S. Presidential elections, *Al-Medina* noted that every contestant is trying to surpass the other in making concessions in regard to the Middle East crisis. In the din of the election propaganda, the voice of sensible American people who want a balanced policy for their country gets lost before it is heard by anyone. The paper said that President Carter is competing to please Israel. Under such circumstances, Arabs ought to build up their military and social defense to confront the enemy, it added.

Dealing with the Israeli transgression and its criminal activities against the Arab residents of the occupied territory, *Al-Riyadh* observed that any forceful confrontation of the Israeli enemy from outside cannot be as powerful as that from inside the occupied territory. Arabs living in occupied Palestine are facing Israeli acts directly and, therefore, their confrontation has to be more powerful and effective. The paper said, however, there has to be coordination with outside confrontation in order to achieve the desired objective and to tell the Israelis that their efforts one day will fail and that will be the real beginning of their end.

Okaz warned those who try to play with the situation in the Middle East, telling them that the Arab issue cannot be treated as a tool in the U.S. presidential elections. In a reference to Camp David accords, the paper said these accords failed because they only represented part of the game being played in the Middle East. It added that if the world community wishes to join the Palestinian

efforts for a just peace, it ought to recognize the PLO.

Commenting on the movement of foreign embassies in Israel from Jerusalem to Tel Aviv, *Al-Nadwa* observed that the United stand of the Arabs, especially the Saudi-Israeli resolution, has been instrumental in compelling those countries to move back their embassies to Tel Aviv. The paper, however, cautioned the Arabs to remember that this development does not matter much to Israel nor would it force the Israelis to back away from their

decision to annex Jerusalem. It is a stark reality which Arabs must realize, and the paper added.

In an editorial, *Al-Bilad* focused on the Kingdom's development and industrial projects, saying that Saudi Arabia's industrialization program has deflected all Israeli propaganda that the Kingdom depended on its oil resource only. The paper added that Saudi Arabia's keen interest in giant industrial projects, such as the petrochemical project in Jubail, proves its capability of maintaining supremacy in all political and economic areas.



مكذوبات لا يصلح

grows by 80 million every year

Report highlights dramatic effects of rising population on labor force

WASHINGTON — The Environmental Fund, a non-profit population — environment organization, has released its 1980 World Population Estimates.

"We chose the Labor Day Weekend to release this year's chart," commented Dr. Arfert Hardin, chief executive officer of The Environmental Fund, "to highlight the dramatic effect of rising populations on the labor force of today and tomorrow."

Since 1974, when the fund started publishing the estimates, the relationship between population growth and social and environ-

mental issues have been illustrated by the columns that follow the first four standard columns: population, birth rates, death rates, and natural increase for all countries of the world. For the second year in a row, labor statistics were used in two of the additional columns.

POPULATION IN THE LABOR FORCE

The labor statistics published this year (in 1980 World Population Estimates) are

"Population in the Labor Force — 1965" and "Population in the Labor Force — 1995." The projections for 1995 are not conjectural because those entering (or attempting to enter) the labor force in that year have already been born. The year 1980 is halfway between the years 1965 and 1995, and the situation in the next 15 years is likely to be far more serious than in the past 15 years.

Dr. Hardin added, "As we review the gloomy economic news of 1980, we cannot help but be concerned with the forecasts. We are painfully aware of the effects of unemployment on the U.S. economy. If we look beyond our own borders, the problem is enormous. The Mexican government admits that the country's combined unemployment and underemployment rate is high as 50 per cent — and that is not counting the large numbers of emigrants who come to the U.S. to work."

In the next 15 years, the gap will widen between the developed and the developing countries with respect to numbers of people entering the labor force. In the developing countries, a pattern of rural-to-urban migration has emerged, flooding cities with people seeking work but too rarely finding it. As this happens, there are more international migration flows, both legal and illegal. The 1980 World Population Estimates project that the world will have experienced a 931.3 million increase in its labor force pool between the years 1965-1995. The increases by region are:

	(millions)	1965	1980	1995	% Increase 1965-1995
Africa		122.8	170.5	248.1	102%
Asia		787.1	1030.7	1369.9	74%
North America		86.8	112.6	131.9	52%
Latin America		79.2	117.1	179.7	127%
Europe		197.5	218.3	238.9	21%
USSR		114.5	135.3	145.1	27%
Oceania		7.3	10.0	13.0	78%

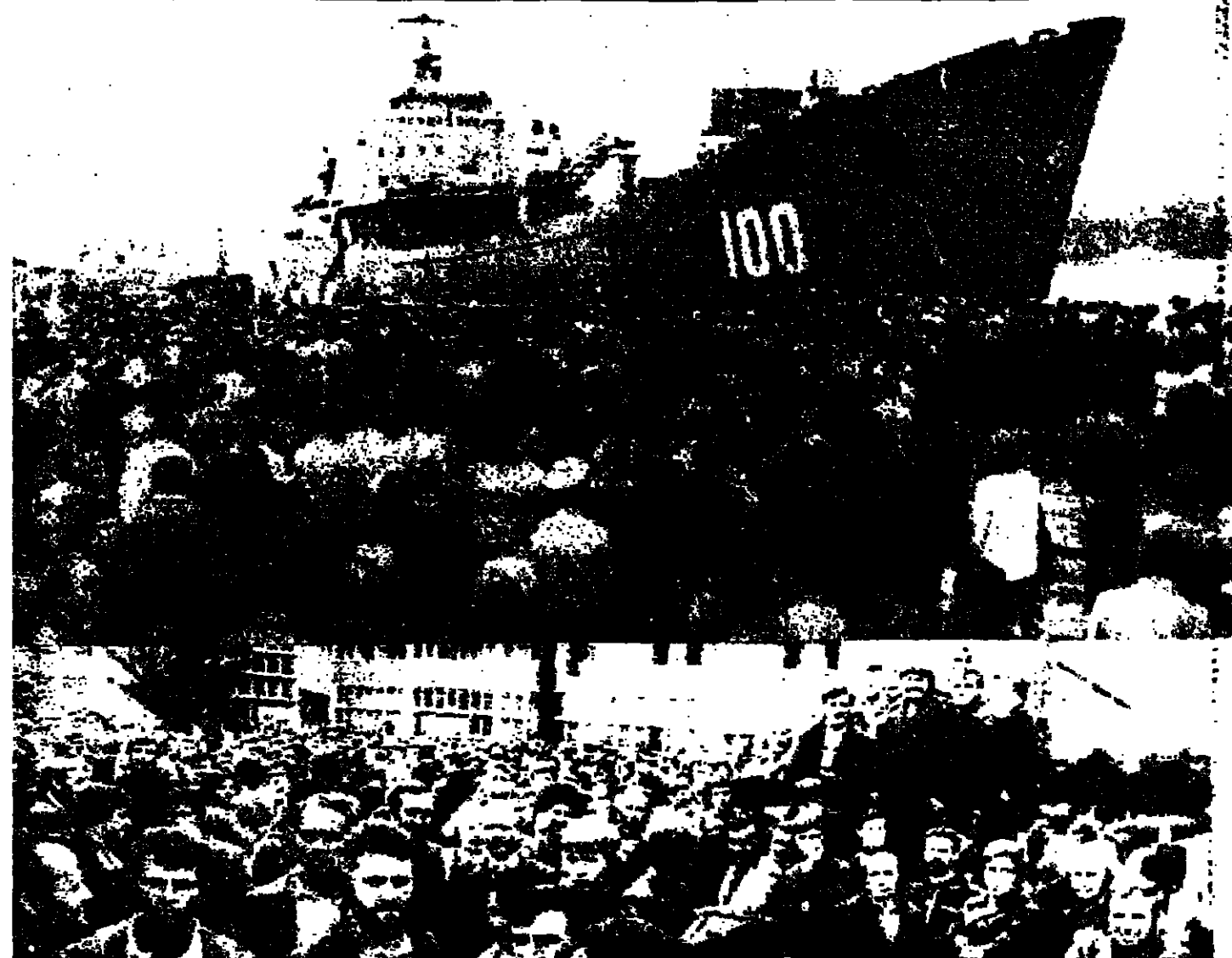
"What is alarming besides the general increase in the labor force," Dr. Hardin pointed out, "is that the largest increases occur in regions that already are suffering from extremely serious employment problems. No country will be immune from the effect of this increase in the labor pool, and no economic system can afford to disregard it. The cause of the labor problem is population growth — the fundamental challenge of this century."

Increase in Population

Many recent reports about the drop in the world's population growth rate have been misleading. While data from numerous sources suggest that the growth rate may have declined from 1.8 per cent to 1.7 per cent in the past decade, and this is still speculative, the population problem is still one of awesome proportions.

The absolute increase in numbers of people added to the world's population is greater each year because the population base is ever-larger. This can be illustrated in columns 5 and 6 on the 1980 World Population Estimates chart. The increase in global population was nearly 63 million higher in 1975-1980 than in 1965-1970, even though the population growth rate has reportedly dropped.

The world's population is now growing by



World Population Totals

The Environmental Fund used U.N. data for the majority of the figures listed in the 1980 World Population Estimates. For many countries, U.N. figures are lower than the U.S. Census Bureau figures which have been used by the fund in previous years.

According to Robert C. Cook, former president of the Population Reference Bureau and a fund consultant, "The margin of error in the world population total is plus or at least 5 per cent possibly twice that. This is because most of the developing world has sketchy statistics. The figure for China (where it actually known) could significantly change world totals."

The result of using slightly lower figures is that The Environmental Fund's World Population Clock (located at the corner of 18th and N Streets, N.W., Washington, D.C.), registers a figure that is 1.2 per cent higher than the world population total used in the 1980 World Population Estimates.

The Environmental Fund was created to focus public attention on the fact that exponential population growth is basic to most of our social problems including inflation, unemployment, food and energy shortages, resource scarcities, pollution and social disorder. The fund's directors believe that many of the problems facing the world today can only get worse, and that the quality of life of the world's peoples can only deteriorate, if population growth continues.



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Creating dangerous social problems

Unemployment rising in the West

LONDON, Sept. 8 (R) — Millions are being thrown out of work across the industrialized West, creating dangerous social problems, as recession and the fight against inflation bite harder. Most governments appear to be convinced that inflation remains the principal enemy, but they are coming under increasing pressure for urgent action to create jobs.

Some experts fear this might deflect governments from their course and result in an even worse inflation crisis in the future.

Over the past decade determination has grown among the rulers of industrial democracies to keep inflation firmly in focus as the top priority. Rising unemployment was seen as an inevitable result of anti-inflation policies which placed a brake on economic activity. But it was hoped that defeating inflation would eventually defeat unemployment by opening the way for sounder investment, free from the fear of constant price and cost rises.

Global economic bodies such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF) repeatedly called for a patient and courageous continuation of restraint to stop the surge of prices and wages. Consequently, there has been no sign of any substantial attempt to start a work-creating boom in case this should aggravate inflation. Governments have cut down public spending and tightened up on credit, trying to control the supply and flow of money.

But unemployment is now reaching politically explosive proportions in some major countries. Fears are being voiced that society will be threatened by vast numbers of people, especially the young, becoming idle, aimless and embittered by bleak job prospects.

To complicate matters, some experts warn that unemployment is not a temporary problem at all, but will be something societies will have to live with as technology cuts down workforces, even after the current recession eases.

Tom Stonier, professor of science and society at Bradford University, England, says in a book just published that advanced technological developments such as robots and microprocessors will throw more and more out of work. The lost jobs, he says, will come from offices as well as the factory floor, making millions of educated middle-class workers jobless for the first time.

"Early in the next century it will take no more than 10 per cent of the labor force for materials production — food, clothing, furniture, cars, housing etc.," he says in his book.

The Microelectronics Revolution. He predicts that many companies will use the present recession to bring in machines which can do the jobs of several people.

Talking about Britain, he adds: "I can envisage us going up to five million unemployed by the early 1990s."

Britons were shocked recently by news that unemployment had passed two million for the first time since 1936 during the depression years, amounting to 8.3 per cent of the workforce.

Under Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Conservative government, Britain has led the field in following the anti-inflation monetarist policies advocated by such eminent economists as Milton Friedman.

With the highest interest rates among major Western nations, and cuts in public spending, Britain has seen inflation drop slightly although it is still high at an annual rate of 16.9 per cent. But work layoffs and factory closures have become an almost daily part of the news in Britain, and Mrs. Thatcher has come under fire from all sides.

She has replied to her critics by blaming high wages. "You can't avoid the consequences of your own actions," she said. "If you pay yourselves more for producing less there will be more unemployment."

Although many agree with her, it has been argued in the British media that the country's high interest rates — making the pound sterling strong — have crippled business ventures and hit industry by making British exports more expensive.

Calls have come from both trade unions and industrialists for an easing in the value of the pound and in interest rates, and some have asked for selective import controls against foreign goods.

The trade union movement and the opposition Labor Party have accused Thatcher of destroying British industry by following what they call a brutal and primitive monetarist line. Thatcher has pledged herself not to alter course, but with thousands being laid off work, especially in the industrial north, she is undoubtedly losing support in large parts of the electorate, and some of her own Conservative members of parliament who represent hard-hit areas are under pressure.

With a comfortable majority in parliament, Thatcher may not have to face an election until 1984, but electoral pressures are much greater in the United States with an election

this year.

U.S. Jobless

Unemployment in the United States for July was 7.8 per cent of the workforce with 8.2 million jobless.

It is America's second highest unemployment figure since World War II and represents a jump from 6.3 million in February. Unemployment went over eight per cent of the workforce during the 1974-75 recession.

Carter administration economists predict unemployment will reach 8.5 per cent later this year and stay there throughout most of 1981. The number of jobs in the United States in the 1980s is expected to grow only two-thirds as fast as in the 1970s. Growth is expected to be concentrated in new businesses — microelectronics, data processing and telecommunications — which will be less labor intensive, particularly in white collar occupations.

Population trends show that fewer new workers will enter the labor force in the coming decade and the gap between the number of jobs available and people looking for work could narrow. But fears have been expressed that people will not be trained by industry or government to fill jobs in new types of growing businesses.

Although Carter is under pressure, notably from his own party liberals, to step up jobs programs, his latest strategy appears still to see inflation as a danger.

While Republican candidate Ronald Reagan wants across-the-board tax cuts immediately, Carter tells voters they must forego income tax cuts beyond 1981 in order to reduce inflation.

But despite the emphasis on inflation, most current government spending programs in this election year do not appear to have been cut in areas where more unemployment might result.

Even though the United States seems to be moving out of the recession faster than earlier predictions, the unemployment rate is not falling accordingly. Workers in the motor and steel industries are particularly badly hit.

In Detroit, center of the U.S. motor industry, the loss of jobs is on the scale of the 1930s with a quarter of the car workforce unemployed.

EEC Unemployment in the European Economic Community (EEC) reached the highest level in its 22-year history last month. A total of 6.7 million people were out of work, according to the EEC Statistics Office. This is 6.1 per cent of the workforce.

The EEC is expected to examine unemployment at its next economic review in the autumn. But Community finance ministers have already agreed that inflation, which is forecast at an average 12.3 per cent in the EEC this year, must also be a priority issue.

W. Germany, Japan Unemployment in West Germany and Japan is not on the same scale as in the United States and Britain.

West Germany's latest figures showed 3.7 per cent of the workforce unemployed, and in Japan the figure is 1.89 per cent.

Sweden In Sweden, only two per cent are out of work but unemployment has become an issue as the country's center-right coalition government fights for survival.

The opposition Social Democrats, who control only one seat less than government in parliament, have accused the prime minister of abandoning Sweden's historic policy of full employment.

Australia In 1970, unemployment in Australia was only 1.4 per cent of the workforce but it is now estimated at just under six per cent. But it is falling slowly and has reached the levels in some other developed countries.



AERIAL TAPESTRY: This exquisite aerial "tapestry" emerged when a Swiss photographer took to the air to make a study of his native land. The result illustrates the high level agricultural productivity in Switzerland.

Munich energy conference to ponder 3rd World needs

MUNICH, West Germany, Sept. 8 (R) — The task of trying to meet rising demand for energy in the Third World will be among leading issues at the 11th World Energy Conference which opened in Munich Monday.

Organizers said 5,000 delegates from more than 60 countries would attend the meeting, the largest non-governmental forum on the energy crisis ever held. It will discuss meeting growing energy needs at a time when members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) have warned consumers that their oil production cannot be expected to rise much above present levels.

One paper before the conference, a report on last year's World Petroleum Congress, suggests that by the end of the century the world will face "a notional supply gap" of 10 million barrels of oil a day.

The experts point out that there will be no real gap — simply lower rates of economic growth and higher energy prices and that the Third World is likely to suffer most.

A paper by an OPEC official supports the idea, also mooted at the present U.N. special assembly on development problems, for greater lending by the World Bank to finance the exploitation of energy resources in developing countries.

"It seems that Africa, Latin America and South-east Asia contain almost 50 per cent of the world's total potentially petroliferous regions but, to date, the petroleum efforts in these regions have been

minimal," said M. Mimouni, OPEC petroleum industry financial analyst.

He blamed reluctance to invest there by major oil companies. Third World countries command 44 per cent of the world's hydroelectric potential, but by 1980 no more than eight per cent has been developed, he added.

A more optimistic note about energy in the next century was sounded in a joint paper by U.S. and Soviet scientists on nuclear fusion — the possibility of harnessing the power on the hydrogen bomb to produce almost limitless supplies of energy safely and with few radioactive hazards.

"Although we may not know the final form that fusion power reactors will take, we are confident that safe, economical fusion power will become a reality," the paper says.

Some West German newspaper and television commentators have criticized the conference as a costly junket which will produce talk but no action.

Environmentalists staged a demonstration in Munich on Saturday, riding bicycles through the streets to publicize their contention that the meeting is simply designed as a propaganda exercise for nuclear energy.

A Canadian aluminum industry executive who has attended five world energy conference and found them useful said their real value was that they brought together energy specialists for private talks in the lobbies.

Polish economy set for tough years, U.S. studies show

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP) — Studies drawn up for U.S. Congress suggest that Poland's troubled economy, beset by strikes that toppled the nation's leader, will continue to travel a rough road in the next five years.

"The projections don't speak very well for the planned, Communist economic system," said Sen. Lloyd Bentsen in comments accompanying release of the studies Sunday.

Bentsen, Democrat — Texas, is chairman of the joint economic committee which collected the studies.

They described Poland as a nation plagued by heavy debt to Western countries and by internal policies that stifle worker incentive and freeze a large segment of the population — the nation's Roman Catholics — out of policy decisions.

Poland's foreign debt was \$20 billion at the end of 1979, and one of the studies "shows that, under some conditions, the debt could reach \$35 billion to \$40 billion by the end of 1985," Bentsen said.

The reports were prepared before the recent strikes that resulted in the dismissal on Friday of Edward Giersek as leader of the Polish Communist Party.

One author, Garry R. Teske of the Commerce Department, writes that Poland must increase exports while keeping imports low. But he also writes that that won't be easy.

Kuwaiti oil minister to address Oxford U

KUWAIT, Sept. 8 (R) — Kuwait Oil Minister Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al-Sabah, left for London Monday on his way to attend an OPEC ministerial conference in Vienna next week.

While in London, he will travel to Oxford University to address a seminar on energy.

The Vienna meeting next Monday will be attended by the ministers of foreign affairs, oil and finance of the 13 member states of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

Foreign Exchange Rates

	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.95	8.90
Belgian Franc (1,000)	115.00	117.50	—
Canadian Dollar	2.87	—	—
Deutsche Mark (100)	185.00	187.25	186.55
Dutch Guilder (100)	170.00	174.00	172.00
Egyptian Pound	—	4.35	4.30
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	90.50	90.25
French Franc (100)	80.00	80.65	80.30
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	80.00	—
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	43.25
Iranian Rial (100)	—	9.50	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	38.90	39.50
Italian Lira (10,000)	15.30	—	15.43
Japanese Yen (1,000)	—	11.40	11.39
Jordanian Dinar	—	12.44	—
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	97.40	97.15
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	87.50	86.50
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	—	33.85
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	44.50
Philippines Peso (100)	—	7.94	8.05
Pound Sterling	—	91.75	91.50
Omani Rial (100)	—	—	1.57
Saudi Riyal (1,000)	—	53.00	48.00
Swiss Franc (100)	201.00	204.00	203.25
Syrian Lira (100)	—	77.25	85.40
Turkish Lira (1,000)	—	44.00	—
U.S. Dollar	3.32	3.33	3.325
Yemeni Rial (100)	—	73.15	72.95
Gold kg.	—	69,600.00	—
10 Tolas bar	—	8,150.00	—
Silver kg.	—	—	—

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commodity, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. Tel.: 238115.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Municipality of Qadiah	Repairs and construction of municipal bathrooms	—	250	Sept. 23
Governorate of Qassim	Supply of stationery and printed materials	—	50	Sept. 20
" "	Supply of office furniture	—	50	Sept. 20
Municipality of Al-Bekairiah	Illumination of sideroads	—	500	Sept. 21
Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs (Social Insurance Section)	Construction of buildings for social insurance offices in Wadi Al-Dawasser, Aff and Zilfi	— (for each)	500	Sept. 20
Ministry of Education	Construction of a medium-size library in Unaizah	9/M	5000	Nov. 1

PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON THE 8TH SEPTEMBER 1980 — 28TH SHAWAL, 1400

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING :

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Date
2	Al Hijazi	Alsaabah	General	6-8-80
4	Juba	Star	Reefer	6-8-80
8	Antzouletta	Alsaabah	Rice/Gen/Vehs.	5-8-80
10	Coronia	SCSA	Bgd. Grain	1-9-80
11	Maldiva Novel	O. Trade	Tim/Rice/Sorg./Maize	3-9-80
12	Reefer Express	O.C.E.	Fruits	7-8-80
18	Ionian Carrier	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	2-8-80
20	Rio Frio	Alpha	Bgd. Barley	1-9-80
21	Stolzfelds	Alireza	Gen/Cem/Asbes. Pipes	6-8-80
22	Kuznica	Atsar	Froz. Chicken/Stl.	3-8-80
23	Anastasia	O.C.E.	Chickens	3-8-80
24	Singapore Island	Aletas	Ctra/Plywood/Stl. tubes	5-8-80
25	Renton Everett	O.C.E.	Reefer	27-8-80
26	Serifos	Barber	General/Contrs.	7-8-80
27	White Nile	M.T.A.	Reefer	7-8-80
28	Talisman	A.E.T.	General/Contrs.	2-8-80
31	Novi T	Barber	O.C.E.	7-8-80
35	Adriyah	Kanoo	Loading Ctrs.	6-8-80
38	Hummel 2	Fayez	General	6-8-80
38	Chrysanthi	El Hawi	Tiles/Tim/Machy	6-8-80
39	Caffer Okan	Ahwani	Steel Pipes	3-7-80
42	Atalaya	M.T.A.	Tim/Cement/Gen	5-9-80

DAMMAM PORT MANAGEMENT SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS OF 28.10.1400 — 8.9.1980 — CHANGES OF PAST 24 HOURS

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING :

Berth	Ship	Agents	Cargo	Date
1	Bravanes	Barber	B Wheat	3-9-80
4	Hohsing Arrow	U E P	Steel Pipes	1-9-80
5	Maria — N	Gulf	Gen/Timber	7-9-80
10	Konistra	Kanoo	Timber/Barley/Gen.	3-9-80
15	Ujjanik	U E P	Gen/Timber	98-9-80
16	Olsson	U E P	Bagged Barley	31-8-80
19	Warsak	S E A	General	6-9-80
21	Asia Lark (DB)	Alireza	Bulk Cement	2-8-80
30	Melina	U E P	General	7-9-80
32	Taining	S E A	General	7-9-80
34	Titus	Kanoo	Cars	8-9-80
36	Primavera (DB)	S M C	Bulk Cement	16-8-80
37	Cape Comorin	Barber	Bentonite Clay	4-8-80
39	Astral	Gossabi	Loading	3-9-80

فندق الهدا شيراتون Al Hada Sheraton Hotel

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AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY 5 SEPARATE TWO LEVEL FAMILY VILLAS LOCATED IN AL KHOBAR ON SAME STREET AS U.S. FIRMS GUEST HOUSE - ACROSS FROM 5 HOSPITAL COMPLEX

FURNISHED VILLAS CONTAIN 3 BEDROOMS, 2 1/2 BATHS; LIVING ROOM, DINING ROOM, FULLY EQUIPPED KITCHEN, AIR-CONDITIONING AND T.V., COMMON LAUNDRY BUILDING, AND SWIMMING POOL

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OR TEL.: 833-9559

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P. Box 365 Shatt Alkhobar, Qatar. Fax: 834736 1111

Rippon: Tel. 6572023

البورصات الدولية

Exchange Rates for the ECU		
	Sept 4	Sept 5
US Dollar	1.9362	1.9372
British Sterling	1.1725	1.1707
French Franc	6.5493	6.5529
Belgian Guilder	36.363	36.363
Canadian Dollar	1.5000	1.5000
Deutsche Mark	2.3636	2.3636
Spanish Ptas	166.667	166.667
Swedish Krona	133.333	133.333
Italian Lira	117.647	117.647
Japanese Yen	160.976	160.976
Dutch Guilder	36.363	36.363
Portuguese Escudo	200.484	200.484
Spanish Ptas	166.667	166.667
Swedish Krona	133.333	133.333
Deutsche Mark	2.3636	2.3636
British Sterling	1.1725	1.1707
French Franc	6.5493	6.5529
Belgian Guilder	36.363	36.363
Canadian Dollar	1.5000	1.5000
US Dollar	1.9362	1.9372
Japanese Yen	160.976	160.976

قضايا البيئة

	Sept. 3	Sept. 5
London	624 1/2	624 00
Paris	627 1/2	629 1/2
Frankfurt	627 1/2	635 00
Zurich	627 50	631 50

offerings with tentative ten-

المجلس الوطني

**3.5%, convertible into Dight
September.**
in Trust Co. of N.Y. of Jan.

100-443887-100

7% semi-annually, convert

May	1974-1974	1975-1975
June	1974-1974	1975-1975
July	1974-1974	1975-1975
Aug.	1974-1974	1975-1975
Sept.	1974-1974	1975-1975
Oct.	1974-1974	1975-1975
Nov.	1974-1974	1975-1975
Dec.	1974-1974	1975-1975

Total number of flights per month.

Sugar Free.
Carmel Cream. Caramelization.
Dolly Delish. 865.00 537.00
October. 722.74-2.11 329.00-237.25
Future number 213 lots of 25 boxes each
- 1000000

and which are 518 million dollars

Other 4444 Appliances	124.00	127.33
Refrigerators	121.50	121.99
Comp. Daily Price 1957	100.75	100.00

75% at 99 to yield 5.83%, S

Un. Sales	211.50	211.50
Un. Sales	10.00	10.00
Un. Sales	10.00	10.00

Asks	Change
------	--------

No. 1 RSS	
Sept.	65.00-65.50 64.00-65.50
No. 1 RSS CIF Basic Form	
September	65.00-65.50
October	65.50-66.75 64.00-65.50

111.00	LNCH
94.18	DRB
50.0	LNCH

September	—	54.40—55.60
October	65.40—67.00	65.20—65.80
November	67.40—68.10	—
Oct-December	67.50—67.80	65.20—65.30
Jan-March	71.20—71.30	68.60—68.80

84.4 DN10
104.14 DN8
81.20 DN10

ROBUSTA COFFEE

Issues

December	1189-1197	1101-1103
January	1125-1130	1164-1143
March	1149-1147	1107-1166
May	1167-1160	1175-1170
July	1181-1185	1185-1185
September	1226-1220	1225-1223

10.57
7.85/91

ROTTERDAM WHEAT

Prices Off: (In US No. 2 Northern
and/or Northern Dark Spring)
Prices in US Dollars

December	225.00	230.00
SOYBEAN MEAL غول الصويا		
Sept	255.00	265.00

Franc

COTTON كُطُن

days fixed 10 7/16—10 3/16
—the +2—11 1/2: 1 year 12 1/2—

Major shipping origins Friday included:
U.S. Memphis (1 1/16 inch strict middling),
Aug-Sept. 101.50 offered (96.00).

الموافق ١٠/١٠/١٤٣٥ هـ

Aug-Sept. 93.75 offered (88.00).
Egypt Glzn 66 FO. 134.25 offered (UNCH).
Sudan Be:ekel (1' inch).
Aug-Sept. No. 3B. 126.75 offered (UNCH).
Aug-Sept. No. 5B. 115.75 offered (UNCH).

97%
91%
100%

Aug-Sept. 87.00 offered (86.00)
 Cumberline Coastal Group (13.32 item)
 Aug-Sept. 87.00 offered (86.00).

513

BETTY BAILEY

BLONDIE

B.C.

HAGAR

SMALL SOCIETY

WIZARD

DENNIS the MENACE

Contract Bridge **B. Jay Becker**
First-Class Detective Work

North dealer.
North-South vulnerable.

NORTH
 ♠ K 6
 ♥ A 5 2
 ♦ A 9 8 7 3
 ♣ Q 10 5

WEST
 ♠ 8 3
 ♥ J 10 9 8 4
 ♦ 5
 ♣ 9 7 6 3 2

EAST
 ♠ J 10 7 5 4 2
 ♥ 7 6
 ♦ Q 10 2
 ♣ 8 4

SOUTH
 ♠ A Q 9
 ♥ K Q 3
 ♦ K J 6 4
 ♣ A K J

The bidding:
 North East South West
 10 Pass 4 NT Pass
 5♥ Pass 5 NT Pass
 6♥ Pass 7 NT

Opening lead — jack of hearts.

Let's say you get to seven notrump and West leads a heart. When dummy appears, you can count nine tricks in spades, hearts and clubs, and you therefore need four diamond tricks to land the grand slam worth 2,420 points.

There are several ways to tackle the diamonds successfully — depending on how they're divided — but your one and only problem here is to find the best way, assuming you see only 26 cards.

To meet this challenge — and before leading any

Still hot on the scent, you now play three rounds of spades. This turns out to be very beneficial when you learn that West started with precisely two spades — which means that he must have started with exactly one diamond.

So the reward for your super detective work in forcing the enemy to reveal their distribution is that the grand slam is now ice-cold. You cash dummy's ace of diamonds and then finesse your jack with a 100 per cent assurance that the finesse will succeed.

Of course, you may regard all these complicated moves as somewhat mysterious and excessively laborious, but how often do you get a chance to bring home a grand slam by dint of first-class detective work?

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Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake
FOR TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1980

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
Begin new work projects, but keep expectations within reasonable limits. Beware of faulty advice. The p.m. accents accomplishment.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
You're gullible and easily imposed on now, but still the day favors romance. Avoid gambling, recognize legitimate opportunity.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)
Luck with you in domestic ventures, but not a time to build dream castles. Forget wishful thinking and seize the present moment.

CANCER (June 21 to July 21)
Daydreaming and fuzzy thinking can interfere with accomplishment. Find creative outlets for imagination. Be a good listener.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 22)
If you'll adopt a more realistic attitude, you'll make headway with financial affairs. Don't let good fortune lead to extravagance.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)
A plan concerning domestic improvements may be off-base. Concern about a loved one doesn't have to tie your hands. Look out for number one.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)
Don't let someone pull the wool over your eyes. Be skeptical, if uncertain. Privately, you're at peace.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)
Your social life is on the upswing, but a bad time to loan money, if you expect repayment. Welcome the opportunity to make new friends.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)
Luck is with you careerwise, but don't go overboard. An opening should occur now that is especially to your liking. You shine in public.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)
A time to read between the lines. Others may not be entirely sincere. Still, you make progress in literary educational matters.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)
Avoid dubious business schemes. Beware of parasites who want to capitalize on your good fortune. P.M. bring career progress.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)
The accent is on love and togetherness. Luck through close allies. Some opt for marriage. Be practical in career dealings.

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS
 1 Lawsuit
 5 Emphasize
 11 English river
 12 Quickly
 13 Outer coat
 14 "Three's Company" star
 15 Palm leaf
 16 Indistinct
 17 Sinclair
 18 Wood-chuck, e.g.
 20 Italian seaport
 21 European food fish
 22 Prevaricated
 23 "Splitville" father
 25 Allight
 26 Meander
 27 Half a sawbuck
 28 Arab V.I.P.
 29 Office book
 33 Fleetwood
 34 Barbie the doll's boyfriend
 35 Let's hear it for!
 36 Sing like a monk
 38 Pudding ingredient
 39 Picturesque
 40 Microwave appliance
 41 Quiet down

DOWN
 42 Ancient Phoenician port
 1 Ricochet
 2 Spanish province
 3 Tracking device
 4 Wind up
 5 Ed's nickname
 6 In good shape
 7 Spoil
 8 Board a sleeper
 9 Took the helm out
 10 Despicable
 16 Old fogey
 18 Clementine's
 26 Negligent
 27 Overcharge

Yesterday's Answer
 20 Unseasoned 30 Meat topping
 23 Bookstore section
 24 Kicked heading
 25 Charge on property
 26 Negligent
 27 Overcharge cork pop

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arab news CALENDAR

DAHHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show
 5:45 Children's Feature
 6:45 Health Education
 7:12 Horizon
 8:07 Handy Boys
 8:55 Prime III Feature

VOA

P.M.
 8:00 News Roundup
 Reports: Activities
 Opinion: Analyses
 9:30 Deline
 News Summary
 Special English
 News, Features, The Making of a Nation
 News Summary
 9:30 Music USA: (Standards)
 10:00 News Roundup
 Reports: Activities
 10:05 Opening: Analyses

PHARMACIES

(Open Tuesday Night)

MISCA
 Fahmi Pharmacy
 Abdullah Bawazir Ph.
 DAMMAM
 New Alkha Pharmacy
 AL-KHOBAR
 AL-KHOBAR Pharmacy
 BOFUP
 Asia Pharmacy
 QATIF
 Melana Pharmacy

Ajjad
 Jummaizah
 Adamah locality
 Prince Mansour St.
 Municipality St.
 Madaris St.

Tel.
 28059
 44216
 22551
 —
 21436
 51705

SAUDI RADIO

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
 On SW at 11.250 MHz in 21 meter band
 On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 282 meter band

TUESDAY

Afternoon Transmission
 2:00 Opening
 2:01 Holy Quran
 2:05 Games of Guidance
 2:10 Saudi Television
 2:20 On Islam
 2:30 Radio Magazine
 3:00 NEWS
 3:10 Press Review
 3:15 Music
 3:20 World of Machines
 3:30 A Selection of Music
 3:40
 3:50 Cutdown

BBC

Morning Transmission
 8:00 World News
 8:09 Twenty-Four Hours
 8:30 News Summary
 8:35 World Today
 9:00 Newsdesk
 9:30 Opera Star
 10:00 World News
 10:09 Twenty-Four Hours
 10:30 Sarah Ward
 10:45 Something to Show You
 11:00 World News
 11:09 Reflections
 11:15 Piano Style
 11:30 Brain of Britain 1978
 12:00 World News
 12:09 British Press Review
 12:15 World Today
 12:30 Financial News
 12:40 Look Ahead
 12:45 The Tony Myst

Evening Transmission
 8:00 World News
 8:05 Sports Round-up
 8:09 News about Britain
 9:15 Radio Newsworld
 9:30 World News
 9:35 Sports Round-up
 9:40 World News
 9:49 Twenty-Four Hours
 10:00 News Summary
 10:05 Nature Notebook
 10:10 World News
 10:19 World Today
 10:25 Financial News
 10:30 Book Choice
 10:40 Reflections
 10:45 Sports Round-up
 10:50 World News
 10:59 Commentary
 11:05 The Face of England

Believe It or Not!

"SMILING BILL" DOG
 AN EXPERT FLY CASTER OF THE 1920s
 AT 75 FEET WITH A FLY ROD AND
 LINE COULD SLICE A PEEL
 BANANA OR SNAP ASHES
 FROM A CIGARET

A HIGHWAY
 IN SHAWNEE NATIONAL FOREST IN
 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS IS CLOSED TO ALL
 AUTOMOBILES FOR SEVERAL WEEKS
 EACH YEAR SO IT CAN BE
 CROSSED SAFELY BY COPPERHEADS,
 RATTLESNAKES AND WINTER MOCCASINS

RADIO PAKISTAN

TUESDAY

Morning
 Frequencies: 17662, 17845, 21788 (kHz)
 Wavelengths: 16.98, 16.81, 13.82 (meters)

Evening
 Frequencies: 17716, 21755 (kHz)
 Wavelengths: 16.74, 13.86, 13.79 (meters)

7:45 Religious Program
 8:00 News
 8:10 Melodies
 8:30 Literary Magazine
 9:00 NEWS
 9:05 Your Doctor
 9:23 Our Choice (Music)

4:30 Religious Program
 4:45 Duet and Chorus
 5:15 Literary Magazine
 5:45 One Singer
 6:00 NEWS
 6:15 Press Review
 6:20 On This Day
 6:25 Classical Music

STAN SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS

SUIT YOUR GAME TO YOUR STRENGTHS

MOST TALL PLAYERS
 LACK THE ABILITY TO
 SUSTAIN LONG SIDE-TO-SIDE
 BALLIES AT THE BASELINE.

IF YOU'RE A SIX-FOOTER
 PUT YOUR MONEY WHERE
 YOUR MIGHT IS BY
 SERVING A VOLLEY
 APPROACH SHOT
 AND OVERHEAD!

سكوايول

مكاتبنا لاجل

WANTED

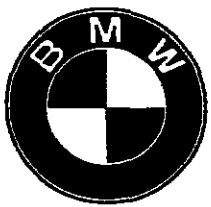
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International

الطبعة ٣٠ شوال ١٤٠٠ هـ

Party boss forbids union; Poles strike

WARSAW, Sept. 8 (AP) — Workers at an airplane factory in southeastern Poland are continuing a strike begun after a local Communist Party leader tried to block formation of a free trade union, dissidents said Monday. They claimed Lejcie Kotarba, first secretary of the party committee for the Rzeszow region, told workers there was "no need for

independent trade unions."

Kotarba allegedly asked workers to sign petitions declaring they would not organize unions free of party and government control in accordance with agreements reached by the regime with strikers in Gdansk, Szczecin and Silesia. The agreements apply nationwide, according to the government.

Dissidents said workers at the Mielec Airplane Factory were in the fourth day of their strike. It was not known how many workers were on strike at Mielec, but the plant is an important producer of air planes, motorcycles and other transport products.

The sources said the workers had drawn up a list of demands that included the dismissal of Kotarba from his party post.

Continuation of local strikes in widespread areas of the country prompted Warsaw Radio Sunday to issue a sharp warning to the hold-outs. It said any further demands, however justified, could jeopardize concessions granted by the government to end the nationwide walkouts.

New Communist Party chief Stanislaw Kania, who last weekend replaced Edward Gierek as Poland's leader, has promised to abide by the commitments to the workers.

In other developments, the official Communist daily reported that the council of ministers had met to ratify increases in various allowances and pensions promised as part of the agreements.

The paper said the council decreed that the minimum monthly wage in Poland would be increased to 2,400 zlotys. At the official exchange rate one U.S. dollar equals about 30 zlotys.

In addition retirement pay will be increased by 500 zlotys to a minimum of 2,100 zlotys, and allowances for families will be standardized, the paper said. During last month's strikes, workers complained that party members, police and the military received higher family allowances in a society that supposedly stresses equality.

Iran thaw in offing -- Muskie

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP) — Secretary of State Edmund Muskie has said there were numerous signs that the new Iranian government was ready to begin to discuss the release of American hostages, possibly including "debate or dialogue" with the United States.

"There are signs that they're beginning to think of actually debating the hostage issue. There are signs of increasing awareness on the part of leaders of the various factions that the hostage issue ought to be settled in Iran's interest," Muskie said Sunday on CBS-TV's "Face the Nation."

"There are, of course, signs that there will be responses to some initiatives that have been taken on our side from members of congress (and) my own letter to the prime minister," he said. "There are signs also they are listening to urgings from other sources, other countries, to settle the hostage issue in their own interest."

"So it may be that as governmental authority is put together, they will begin to debate this issue, consider the terms on which they're willing to resolve it, and we may find ourselves engaged in a debate or a dialogue with them on those terms."

On Sunday, Iranian President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr formally presented the revolutionary government's first proposed cabinet for parliament approval, according to Tehran Radio.

Ratification of the new government was expected to clear the way for debate on the future of 52 American hostages who spent their 310th day in captivity on Monday.

Asked whether a congressional inquiry, reportedly proposed in a draft response from Iran to a letter from 187 U.S. congressmen, would be successful in securing the hostages release, Muskie replied: "I think it would depend on its timing and nature... and other possible terms that might be raised... by itself, its value might be lost."

However, he predicted that when the hostage crisis ends, there will be congressional hearings, "whether it is part of an agreement of the Iranians or not."

"I can't imagine Congress being insensitive to the usefulness to such an inquiry when it's behind us," he said.

Muskie declined to disclose the contents of a letter he recently sent to Iranian Prime Minister Mohammad Ali Rajai, saying he did not want to jeopardize the possibility that the Iranians would respond to it and "perhaps initiate a dialogue."

However, he denied a published report that the letter contained an offer to meet with a representative of the Iranian government.

Meanwhile, the Islamic militants holding the hostages are worried that their captives' fate might be settled by people outside the Iranian parliament, the Iranian news agency Pars said.

Gold \$660; dollar mixed

LONDON, Sept. 8 (AP) — The dollar was mixed in morning trading Monday, but lost ground against the West German mark and the Japanese yen.

The price of gold opened higher, pushed up by speculative buying in advance of the Sept. 15 Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries meeting in Vienna. The London morning fixing was \$660.

European dealers reported little demands for the U.S. currency despite modest gains posted Friday after a surprise increase in some U.S. interest rates. Some dealers noted a downward trend.

In Tokyo, where the business day ends before Europe's begins, the dollar closed at 217.15 yen, more than 1.5 yen down from Friday's closer. And in Frankfurt, the dollar opened at 1.7842 marks, virtually unchanged from Friday, but soon dipped to 1.7815 marks.

In London, however, the dollar made a slight gain. It cost \$2.4125 to buy one British pound compared to Friday's \$2.4150.

The British pound has been strong in recent weeks, buoyed up by North Sea oil reserves and high interest rates in London.

The price of gold opened in Zurich at \$655.50 an ounce \$ 4 up from Friday. In London, the opening quote was \$ 652 one dollar better than Friday's close.

The price of silver opened at \$17.87 an ounce, 62 cents up from Friday.



David Steel

Plutonium vials disappear from British N-site

LONDON, Sept. 8 (AFP) — The disappearance of small quantities of plutonium from the Dounreay Nuclear Experimental Center in northern Scotland during the 1970's, which has been confirmed by British authorities, provoked a wave of protest Monday in the ranks of the political opposition and the country's environmentalists.

The United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority (UKAEA) has admitted that two "tubes" containing mortal doses of plutonium — 10 and 25 grams — were lost at the center in 1973 and 1977. The UKAEA admitted the losses after two journalists of the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) revealed the disappearances Monday.

Officials at the Dounreay center said that they were convinced that the plutonium doses, which were to have been used to fuel the reactor, remained within the complex and could have been re-used in some fashion.

The officials' statement failed to convince Liberal and Labor members of Parliament, who called for the opening of a complete investigation of the affair.

Liberal party leader David Steel said that the Dounreay incidents were "very, very serious." A Scottish Labor member of Parliament said that the revelations were "alarming" and urged Energy Minister David Howell to issue immediately a declaration "to allay the fears of the general public."

The environmental organization "Friends of the Earth" argued that there was no reason why a large amount of plutonium — enough to make an atomic weapon — could not disappear if small amounts could vanish.

The BBC journalists also reported that eight workers at the Dounreay Center had been exposed to radiation following the spillage of a liquid containing plutonium.

The controversy erupted only one month after the publication of an official report on a release of radioactivity at the Windscale Nuclear Retreatment Plant in northern England.

Observers here said that the Dounreay and Windscale incidents could delay development of nuclear energy in Britain because of widespread protests.



SULTRY: A boat laden with tourists cuts the still waters of the River Neckar on a sultry late-summer day at Heidelberg, West Germany. On the hillside is Castle Heidelberg.

Marseilles mystery

Film revives 'Bar du Telephone' massacre

MARSEILLES, Sept. 8 (AFP) — Cinemas were Monday playing to packed audiences following a court ruling that a film on France's worst gangland slaying — of 10 at the "Bar du Telephone" here three years ago — can be released.

The crime has been compared here to the infamous Saint Valentine's Day massacre carried out by Al Capone in Chicago in 1929. But there were only seven dead there.

The showing of the film highlights vain efforts by police either to make any arrests or even be certain about the motive. There is no doubt that it was a mafia "hit" — all the victims had police records.

On Oct. 3, 1977, at 8.30 p.m. three masked men in leather jackets and carrying army riot shotguns burst into the small shabby "Bar du Telephone" in the Saint-Gerard quarter of this Mediterranean port. Four customers, seeing them in time, hurried out of the rear entrance.

Soviet brass visits Kabul

ISLAMABAD, Sept. 8 (AP) — A high-ranking Soviet military delegation has arrived in Kabul to review the performance of Russian troops against an entrenched Afghan resistance movement, Western diplomatic sources have reported.

There was speculation the group, including more than a dozen senior military officials

The trio coldly opened fire on 10 men there with the shotguns, and then drew out heavy caliber 11.43 pistols and Magnum 357 revolvers and emptied them at their victims.

Francis Fernandez, a doctor, survived a few hours in the hospital and was able to give a few valuable details.

"They started shooting at point blank range without uttering a single word. I tried to reach the bar's rear entrance but I was hit several times and collapsed. One of the gunmen was crazy. Every time he pulled the trigger he hopped in the air with joy," he said.

When the first police squad car arrived officers were reminded of a battleground — in fact the victims had been taken so much by surprise that not one of them had a chance to fire back. The fingerprints of the victims were taken for identification purposes, and it was discovered that they were all known gangsters.

The diplomatic sources, who declined to be identified, said the visiting officers included a four-star general. One informant said a defense ministry official possibly of vice minister rank led the delegation.

Meanwhile, a reliable Afghan source who recently arrived here confirmed reports of a large Soviet retaliatory attack on a southeastern village, which left as many as 2,000 inhabitants dead.

The late August battle at Naaghan, about ten kilometers northwest of Kandahar, began with air strikes and continued with several hours of heavy shelling from advancing tanks. The village was described as "nearly destroyed."

Insurgents later claimed to have put out of action 35 armored vehicles with anti-tank weapons and homemade Molotov cocktails and killed more than 100 Soviet and Afghan troops, added the source, a U.S.-educated university professor.

Meanwhile, one diplomatic source quoted a Kabul report as saying that East Germany has augmented its presence in Afghanistan by adding three sanitation-medical battalions. The report could not be independently confirmed.

Kabul Radio reported a speech by Afghan President Babrak Karmal who reiterated earlier statements that Soviet troops would withdraw from Afghanistan once "outside interference" stopped.

"I have explained time and again that the Soviet intervention saved the independence of Afghanistan," Karmal said. "If the interferences of Pakistan and Iran stop and international guarantees are given that nobody would meddle in our internal affairs, the limited contingent of our brother, the Soviet Union, will leave for their great country," he declared.

Soviet troops entered Afghanistan at the time of the December, 1979, coup that installed Karmal. Western governments estimate their strength at more than 80,000.

Acknowledging insurgent activity in Jauzjan and Faryab provinces, bordering the Soviet Union, the government radio said that four people were arrested by security forces and Marxist party activists after disrupting traffic in the region.

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazem

A friend had a heart attack recently. He was very close to death for a while, then improved and left the hospital after a few weeks of treatment and rest. As the doctor was seeing him off, he advised him that he had to be very careful from now on. No late hours, no women, no this, no that. How long would all this self-denial add to his life, my friend asked. Two or three years, the doctor answered. "Then I don't want them," he said, and back he went to "this and that."

My friend's reaction came to mind as I read an American medical report seeking to disprove the notion that "life starts after forty." Men over forty, the report says, ought never to exert themselves unduly. Specifically mentioned as a field for such exertion is martial infidelity. Do that, and, apparently, you face more than moral or legal censure (depending on where you are). That way, the report says, lies heart-trouble, and not necessarily the emotional kind.

The report excludes women from this. Women over forty gain a great deal, physically and emotionally, from such activities.

Now the moral and social implications of the report are not our concern. Its writers clearly inhabit a different world from ours, and good luck to them. All that I can say, from watching the Arabs over forty who I have the honor of knowing, and observing the evident soundness of their hearts, is that family life is still going strong in these parts.

In any case, I liked one comment on the report. It came in the form of a story. The writer says a woman he knows read the report and decided it to put it to the test. So she made approaches to a family friend. She did not, however, know that the man was over forty. He therefore came as a surprise to her that he keeled over without warning and departed this vale of sin and tears.

Now the lady, according to the writer, felt fine. A man had died for her. She bloomed and bloomed. To such an extent that the husband, also over forty, also keeled over and died, clutching his breast.

That's the story. I don't, of course, believe a word of it, but there you are.

Translated from Ashraf Al Awwad

Paris fights termites

PARIS, Sept. 8 (AFP) — The city health department Monday warned Parisians to check their houses, for termites, which are eating their way into centuries-old beams, floors and roofs.

The department said that termites particularly threatened old central Paris areas like the Sorbonne, Odéon and Latin Quarter. They ate away ancient wood foundations and staircases and caused partial collapses in old buildings, officials said.

City experts have been alerted to receive termite reports and act on them immediately.



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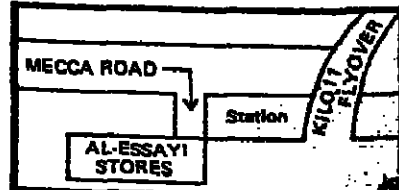
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